

**OFFICERS OF THE ORDER.**

**THE SUPREME NINE.**

SNARK OF THE UNIVERSE—Platt B. Walker, Minn.  
 SENIOR HOO-HOO—W. A. Hadley, Ontario, Can.  
 JUNIOR HOO-HOO—E. H. Dalbey, Illinois.  
 BOJUM—C. E. PATTEN, Washington.  
 SCRIVENOTER—J. H. Baird, Tennessee.  
 JABBERWOCK—Maurice W. Willey, Maryland.  
 CUSTOCATIAN—W. R. Griffin, Indiana.  
 ARCANOPER—Burt J. Wright, Missouri.  
 GURDON—Edw. F. Niehaus, California.



**THE HOUSE OF ANCIENTS.**

CHAS. H. MCCARER (Deceased).  
 B. A. JOHNSON, Chicago, Ill.  
 W. E. BARNES, St. Louis, Mo.  
 J. E. DEFEBAUGH, Chicago, Ill.  
 H. H. HEMENWAY, Colorado Springs, Colo.  
 A. A. WHITE (Deceased).  
 N. A. GLADDING—Indianapolis, Ind.  
 GEORGE W. LOCK, Lake Charles, La.  
 WM. B. STILLWELL, Savannah, Ga.  
 A. H. WEIR (Deceased).  
 W. H. NORRIS, Houston, Texas.  
 ED. M. VIETMEIER, Sandusky, Ohio.  
 C. D. ROURKE, Urbana, Ill.  
 R. D. INMAN, Portland, Ore.  
 A. C. RAMSEY, Nashville, Ark.  
 J. S. BONNER, Houston, Texas.

**THE VICEGERENTS.**

Alabama—(Northern District)—Richard Randolph, 1520 17th St., Birmingham, Ala.  
 Alabama—(Central District)—C. T. Strauss, Lockhart, Ala.  
 Alabama—(Southern District)—Ed. Gaines, 217 City Bank Bldg., Mobile, Ala.  
 Arizona—E. A. Goodrich, Phoenix, Arizona.  
 Arkansas—(Northern District)—E. C. Lippman, Tupelo, Ark.  
 Arkansas—(Central District)—J. H. Carmichael, Marre Bldg., Little Rock, Ark.  
 Arkansas—(Western District)—Harry J. Large, DeQueen, Ark.  
 Arkansas—(Southern District)—C. B. Barham, Gordon, Ark.  
 California—(Southern District)—Brown Higman, 350 West 57th St., Los Angeles, Cal.  
 California—(Northern District)—A. J. Russell, 302 St. Clair Bldg., 19 California St., San Francisco, Cal.  
 Canada—(Eastern District)—John L. Campbell, Traders Bank Bldg., Toronto, Ont., Canada.  
 Canada—(Central District)—Geo. H. Wall, Box 218, Winnipeg, Man., Canada.  
 Canada—(British Columbia)—P. D. Roe, Port Moody, B. C.  
 Canada—(Alberta)—L. P. Stranahan, Calgary, Alta.  
 Colorado—Thomas J. McCue, 424 E. & C. Bldg., Denver, Col.  
 District of Columbia—Overton W. Price, Forest Service, Washington, D. C.  
 Florida—(Southern District)—F. E. Wayner, Pawway, Fla.  
 Florida—(Eastern District)—W. E. Gillett, 414 Dyal-Upchurch Bldg., Jacksonville, Fla.  
 Florida—(Western District)—P. K. Tornoe, Pensacola, Fla.  
 Georgia—(Northern District)—Benj. H. Cox, Jr., 114 Candler Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.  
 Georgia—(Southwestern District)—R. J. Corbett, Moultrie, Ga.  
 Idaho—C. B. Ciannel, Twin Falls, Idaho.  
 Illinois—(Northern District)—F. L. Johnson, Jr., 625 Stock Exchange Bldg., Chicago, Ill.  
 Illinois—(Southern District)—E. B. Eckhard, Carbondale, Ill.  
 Indiana—(Northern District)—Louis G. Buddenbaum, Pine & New York Sts., Indianapolis, Ind.  
 Indiana—(Southern District)—G. T. Meizner, care Evansville Sash and Door Co., Evansville, Ind.  
 Iowa—(Northern District)—D. H. Devins, 1206 Iowa St., Dubuque, Iowa.  
 Iowa—(Southern District)—J. M. Furlong, Keokuk, Iowa.  
 Kansas—(Eastern District)—Mark G. Gibson, care A. L. Davis Lumber Co., Chanute, Kas.  
 Kansas—(Western District)—W. L. Smyth, Great Bend, Kas.  
 Kentucky—(Central District)—L. G. Herndon, 709 Columbia Bldg., Louisville, Ky.  
 Kentucky—(Eastern District)—H. L. Blair, Catlettsburg, Ky.  
 Kentucky—(Western District)—John K. Ferguson, Paducah, Ky.  
 Louisiana—(Southern District)—B. F. Roberts, Alexandria, La.  
 Louisiana—(Northern District)—B. B. Terry, care S. H. Bollinger Lumber Co., Shreveport, La.  
 Louisiana—(Eastern District)—N. R. Freeland, 826 Perdido St., New Orleans, La.  
 Maryland—Wm. T. Kilns, 7 E. Pratt St., Baltimore, Md.  
 Massachusetts—Herbert A. Fuller, 11 Doane St., Boston, Mass.  
 Mexico—(Southern District)—C. H. M. Agramonte, Hernand Cortez No. 2, Iopolla, D. F., Mexico.  
 Mexico—(Northern District)—J. H. Searle, Calle Escobedo 22, Monterey, Mexico.  
 Michigan—(Western District)—Jeff B. Webb, 155 S. East St., Grand Rapids, Mich.

Michigan—(Upper Peninsula)—W. A. Whitman, Marquette, Mich.  
 Minnesota—(Southern District)—Lester C. McCoy, 549 Security Bank Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.  
 Minnesota—(Northern District)—Geo. A. Sherwood, 2 Lyceum Bldg., Duluth, Minn.  
 Mississippi—(Southern District)—C. A. C. Steinhew, Brookhaven, Miss.  
 Mississippi—(Western District)—W. L. Briscoe, Greenville, Miss.  
 Mississippi—(Eastern District)—John M. Broach, 316 Miazza Woods Bldg., Meridian, Miss.  
 Missouri—(Eastern District)—E. L. Roederer, care Big Four Route, St. Louis, Mo.  
 Missouri—(Western District)—O. E. Kenfro, 1401 R. A. Long Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.  
 Missouri—(Southwestern District)—E. E. Ennis, 1105 N. Jefferson St., Springfield, Mo.  
 Montana—W. W. Mackey, Great Falls, Mont.  
 Nebraska—R. H. Morehouse, 28th Ave. and Taylor St., Omaha, Neb.  
 Nevada—H. E. Milliken, Box 805, Goldfield, Nevada.  
 New Mexico—E. L. Evans, Albuquerque, N. M.  
 New York—(Eastern District)—Charles F. Fischer, 1928 Park Ave., New York, N. Y.  
 New York—(Western District)—Frank A. Beyer, 468 Woodward Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.  
 North Carolina—(Central District)—Clyde McCallum, Fayetteville, N. C.  
 North Carolina—(Eastern District)—F. G. Bulmann, Ryder, N. C.  
 North Carolina—(Western District)—C. H. Hobbs, Room 6, Drummer Bldg., Asheville, N. C.  
 North Dakota—Frank A. Taylor, Grand Forks, N. D.  
 Ohio—(Northern District)—F. T. Felch, 13th Floor Rockefeller Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio.  
 Ohio—(Central District)—F. J. Bielle, 1021 South High St., Columbus, Ohio.  
 Ohio—(Southern District)—J. D. Pease, 716 Mercantile Library Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio.  
 Oklahoma—(Western District)—Chas. P. Walker, Oklahoma City, Okla.  
 Oklahoma—(Northeastern District)—Frank E. Leonard, Muskogee, Okla.  
 Oklahoma—(Southeastern District)—H. T. Chiles, Caddo, Okla.  
 Oregon—(Northern District)—Samuel F. Owen, 712 Corbett Bldg., Portland, Ore.  
 Oregon—(Southern District)—J. S. Maghary, Eugene, Ore.  
 Pennsylvania—(Northern District)—W. P. Barker, St. Marys, Pa.  
 Pennsylvania—(Central District)—A. W. Mallison, Williamsport, Pa.  
 Pennsylvania—(Eastern District)—Benj. C. Currie, Jr., 602 Crozer Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.  
 Pennsylvania—(Western District)—B. A. Smith, 501 First Nat'l Bank Bldg., Uniontown, Pa.  
 South Carolina—J. W. Allen, Sumter, S. C.  
 South Dakota—H. A. Hurd, 213 Syndicate Bldg., Sioux Falls, S. D.  
 Tennessee—(Eastern District)—H. C. Fowler, care Case-Powder Lbr. Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.  
 Tennessee—(Middle District)—Lewis Doster, 1020 Stahlman Bldg., Nashville, Tenn.  
 Tennessee—(Western District)—G. J. H. Fischer, 220 N. Front St., Memphis, Tenn.  
 Texas—(Northern District)—C. E. Gillett, Waco, Tex.  
 Texas—(Southern District)—Bliss P. Gorham, care Houston Chronicle, Houston, Tex.  
 Texas—(Western District)—R. A. Whitlock, El Paso, Tex.  
 Texas—(Panhandle)—J. D. Anderson, Amarillo, Tex.  
 Utah—E. V. Smith, 605 Judge Bldg., Salt Lake City, Utah.  
 Virginia—(Eastern District)—  
 Virginia—(Western District)—W. J. Mason, care U. S. Spruce Lbr. Co., Marion, Va.  
 Washington—(Eastern District)—Geo. W. Hoag, Box 1104, Spokane, Wash.  
 Washington—(Western District)—W. B. Mack, Aberdeen, Wash.  
 West Virginia—(Eastern District)—A. A. Rudy, Elkins, W. Va.  
 West Virginia—(Central District)—Clarence D. Howard, Coven, W. Va.  
 West Virginia—(Western District)—  
 Wisconsin—W. R. Anderson, 301 Montgomery Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis.  
 Wyoming—Clyde A. Riggs, Cody, Wyoming.  
 United Kingdom and Continent of Europe—Edw. Haynes, 164 Aldersgate St., London, England.  
 Australia—W. G. Boorman, E. S. & A. Bank Bldgs., King & George Sts., Sydney, N. S. W.

**THE JURISDICTIONS.**

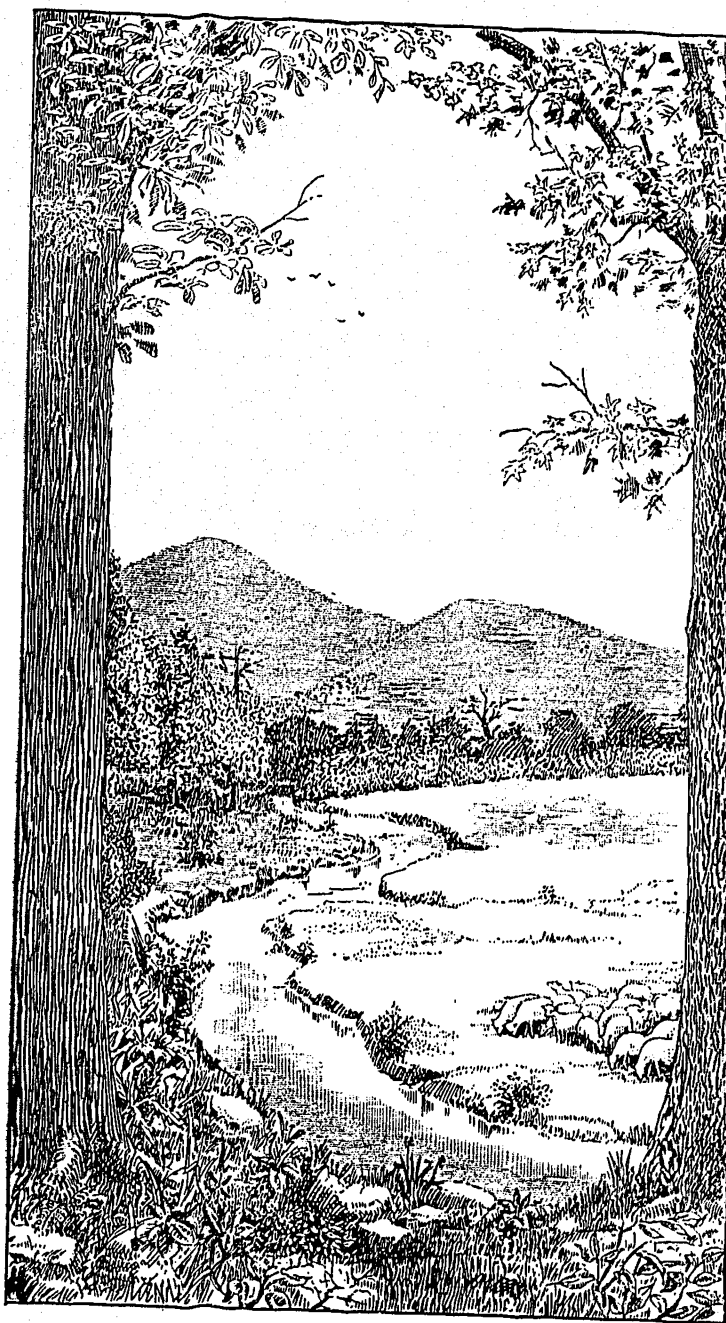
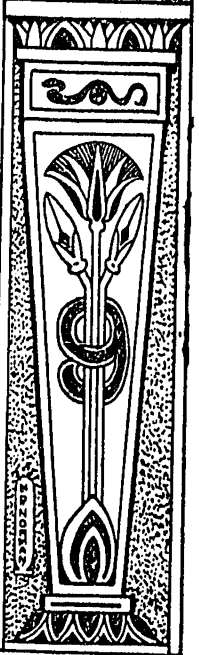
Jurisdiction No. 1—Under the Snark (Walker) the following States: Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and Western Canada.  
 Jurisdiction No. 2—Under the Senior Hoo-Hoo (Hadley) the following States: Eastern Canada, New York and New England.  
 Jurisdiction No. 3—Under the Junior Hoo-Hoo (Dalbey) the following States: Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan and Nebraska.  
 Jurisdiction No. 4—Under the Bojum (Patten) the following States: Washington, Oregon, Idaho and Wyoming.  
 Jurisdiction No. 5—Under the Scrivenoter (Baird) the following States: Tennessee, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas and Louisiana.  
 Jurisdiction No. 6—Under the Jabberwock (Willey) the following States: Maryland, District of Columbia, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, North Carolina and South Carolina.  
 Jurisdiction No. 7—Under the Custocatian (Griffin) the following States: Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky and West Virginia.  
 Jurisdiction No. 8—Under the Arcanoper (Wright) the following States: Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas and Colorado.  
 Jurisdiction No. 9—Under the Gurdon (Niehaus) the following States: California, Nevada, Arizona, Utah, New Mexico and Mexico.

# THE BULLETIN

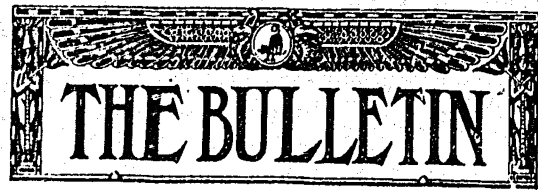
VOL. XV.

NASHVILLE, TENN., MAY, 1909.

No. 163.



A MONTHLY JOURNAL DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF HOO-HOO



J. H. BAIRD, Scrivenoter, Editor.

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NASHVILLE, TENN., MAY, 1909.

Coming Concatenations.

The big concatenation which was to have been held at Calgary, Alta., Canada, in April, in connection with the big convention of the lumber manufacturers of that region, has been postponed for the reason that the lumber convention was postponed. The cause of the postponement was that a large number of the lumber manufacturers, holding timber limits under the twenty-one year "License Act," found that they were unable to obtain renewals of leases and were forced to stay pretty closely at home at the time the British Columbia House of Legislature was in session. It was a case of "looking after fences," as we call it in this country.

The concatenation, therefore, at Calgary will not be held until July, when it will occur during "Fair Week," a very festive occasion of the Alberta midsummer season.

In the meantime Vicegerent Stranahan at Calgary writes that he will hold a concatenation at Edmonton June 1.

Hoo-Hoo House Completed and will be Dedicated June 9.

The Hoo-Hoo House at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition has been completed and the dedication ceremonies will take place on June 9. On that date a reception will be given by the patronesses and a dance in the evening will follow. This dedication will be made the occasion for a quite elaborate ceremony.

Advice comes to The Bulletin that sufficient funds have been raised to pay for the building, but that the committee needs money for its support and maintenance. The Club House will be open from May 25 until the close of the exposition on October 16. The finance committee has submitted an estimate of \$1,000 per month as the operating expense necessary for providing every possible convenience for the comfort of the members. An idea of the truly western way in which our Seattle members have gone about the erection of this house, and the spirit in which they are going to conduct it, appears from the following notice, which they have served on the public at large:

No resident of the states of Washington, Oregon or British Columbia who is not a member of the Hoo-Hoo House will be permitted to visit the club at the fair. All persons who are eligible to membership and who have failed to pay \$9.99 for a membership will be "persona non grata." This is a lumberman's club for the lumbermen and no one who can afford to should fall to take a membership.

This reads like business—and it is good business. There are men—happily only a few in Hoo-Hoo—who are always looking for something for nothing. These are put on notice by the communication above quoted that they are persona non grata. The Hoo-Hoo House at the Seattle Exposition is able to offer value received for all it gets, and it has value to give, and only to those who have participated in its construction or who will participate in its maintenance.

Also it may be remarked that no time was lost in bringing the idea of a Hoo-Hoo House on the exposition grounds to a final, graceful and successful consummation.

READ CAREFULLY.

IMPORTANT NOTICE AS TO DUES.

Notice is hereby given that all members of the Concatenated Order of Hoo-Hoo who wish to take advantage of the accommodation, may pay their dues at the FRATERNAL DEPARTMENT (window No. 7, next to Savings Department), of the HIBERNIA BANK & TRUST COMPANY, at New Orleans, arrangements having been made by which this department is to act as assistant to the Supreme Scrivenoter in the collection of dues, etc.

Notice is hereby given that all members of the Concatenated Order of Hoo-Hoo who wish to take advantage of the accommodation, may pay their dues at the FRATERNAL DEPARTMENT (window No. 11, Ground Floor, next to Savings Department) of The American Trust & Savings Bank, northeast corner Monroe and Clark Streets, Chicago, Ill., arrangements having been made by which this department is to act as assistant to the Supreme Scrivenoter in the collection of dues and other moneys due the Order.

The same arrangement has been entered into with THE SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN BANK, of Seattle, Wash. Also with the Ballard, Wash., branch of this same bank. At this bank Washington members who find it convenient can pay their dues and receive temporary receipt.

The arrangements above with the three banks named have been entered into solely for the benefit and convenience of our members. Perhaps similar arrangements will be made with a San Francisco bank and a St. Louis bank. It will save trouble and expense of remitting the small sum involved in our dues. The three banks above named are fully equipped with blanks, stationery, etc., and will issue temporary receipt to the payee, reporting his name and number daily to the Supreme Scrivenoter so that the regular form of admission card may be promptly sent out. It will be seen, therefore, that no delay will be incurred. The arrangements with the three banks is that no charge for their services are to be made. It is a good arrangement and costs nothing. The Scrivenoter sincerely hopes that a large number of our members will take advantage of it. The three banks will hold the money until it accumulates in sufficient sums to justify its transfer and deposit to the savings department, where it will draw interest.

Fraternally yours,

J. H. BAIRD,  
Supreme Scrivenoter.

Expelled.

Members of Hoo-Hoo are notified that Guy C. Bolender (Hoo-Hoo No. 15700), has been expelled from membership upon vote of the Supreme Nine on charges involving financial dishonesty calculated to bring shame and discredit on the Order.

COMMITTEES FOR ANNUAL MEETING

Business Meeting of Arkansas Hoo-Hoo Held at Little Rock to Arrange for Annual Meeting. The Committees Appointed.

Little Rock, Ark., May 10—The concatenation held here Saturday night, May 1, followed a business meeting of the Vicegerents of Arkansas held Friday night, for the purpose of arranging preliminaries for the annual, which is to be

September. Every member of Hoo-Hoo in Arkansas has been urged to bring at least one kitten to the annual, and it is thought that the result will be that at least five hundred kittens will be taken into the fold at that time. The



A VIEW ON ONE OF THE DRIVEWAYS NEAR ARLINGTON HOTEL.

held September 9-12, at Hot Springs. The Arkansas Hoo-Hoo are making great preparations for the entertainment of the thousands who are expected to attend this year's meeting. Committees have been appointed and the work of preparation will go on at a rapid gait from now until

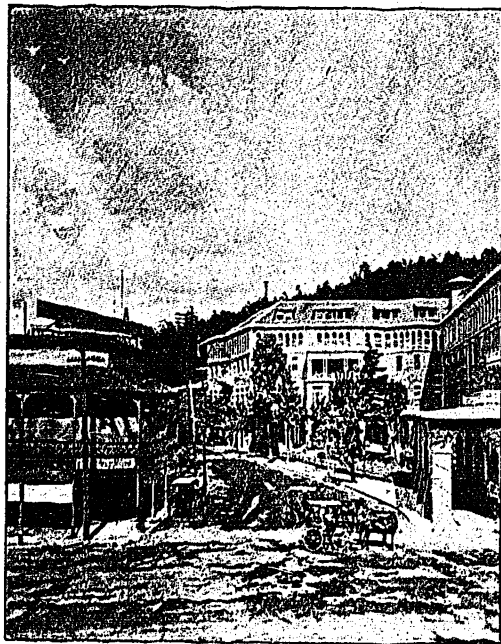
finance committee proposes to ask that each member in the state contribute at least \$5 toward the expenses of entertaining the visiting Hoo-Hoo, and if the response which is expected is made, a highly successful annual is anticipated. No appeal is to be made to members of the Order



outside of Arkansas for funds. At the same time, the finance committee will not return any donations that may come from members residing in the immediately adjoining states, who may feel inclined to make small contributions. This being the first annual to be held in the South for a number of years, it is especially desired that everything possible be done to insure the success of the meeting. The arrangement is in the hands of the following committees, which were appointed Friday evening:

**Finance Committee.**

E. L. Rodgers, T. J. Gray, Seth Wagner, W. M. Kavanaugh, Little Rock; W. A. Billingsley, Newport; Frank S. Wrape, Paragould; James Brizzolara, Fort Smith; G. Yaeger, Helena; C. A. Berry, Huttig; H. J. Large, DeQueen; A. C. Ramsey, Nashville; L. R. Putman, Fayetteville; W. T. Murray, Fordyce; A. J. Vaccaro, Forest City; C. B. Barham, Gurdon; G. W. Cleveland, Sr., Horatio; J. E. Parr, Jonesboro; J. C. McGrath, Malvern; R. D. Jarratt, Marianna; G. V. Nash, Nettleton; J. W. Maddox, Newburg; J. M. Gibson, Newport; G. P. Darby, Pine Bluff; J. A. Davis, Prescott; E. W. Frost, Texarkana; N. H. Clapp, Warren;



THE ARLINGTON HOTEL, HOT SPRINGS, ARK.

J. D. McCaffrey, Weldon; A. H. Gates, Wilmar; J. H. Carmichael, Little Rock.

**Transportation Committee.**

H. W. Morrison, chairman; J. O. Hillis, B. C. Simon, H. W. Stigler, J. T. Ginocchio, Little Rock; J. J. Kress, Gurdon; J. A. Brandon, J. H. Carmichael, Little Rock.

**Reception Committee.**

C. T. Ables, A. B. Beeler, Little Rock; W. M. Sale, Augusta; H. W. Coles, Blissville; J. G. Greene, Berne; C. T. Meadows, Danville; H. Dierks, DeQueen; C. W. Jones, Fort Smith; C. L. Sailor, Fourche; G. H. Adams, Helena; W. J. Hurst, Harry R. Vaughan, F. H. Almstead, R. M. Smith, Hot Springs; F. W. Scott, Huttig; C. E. Emmert, Konselt; B. C. Rockwell, Malvern; C. N. Houck, Marianna; V. E. Pierson, Newport; G. W. Ritchie, Pine Bluff; A. H.

Whitmarsh, Texarkana; C. J. Mansfield, Warren; C. W. Niehuss, Wesson; E. C. Lippman, Newport; Wm. W. Taylor, W. B. Ferguson, L. N. Whitcomb, W. W. Wilson, Little Rock; J. H. Carmichael, Little Rock; Frank Niemeyer, Little Rock; Otis T. Wingo, DeQueen.

**Entertainment Committee.**

Gus K. Jones, F. K. Darrah, H. F. Rieff, J. C. McGrath, Ira L. Klein, W. W. Wilson, J. H. Carmichael, H. J. Blakelee, Little Rock; A. C. Ramsey, Nashville; George P. Darby, Pine Bluff; E. C. Lippmann, Newport.

**Keep Fishin'**

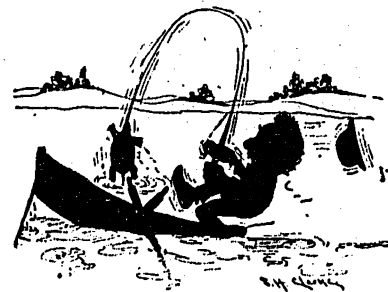
Hi Somers was the durndest cuss  
Fer catchin' fish—he sure was great!  
He never used to make no fuss  
About the kind of pole or bait.  
Er weather, nethther; he'd jest say  
"I got to ketch a mess today,"  
An' toward the creek you'd see him slide,  
A-whistlin' soft an' walkin' wide.  
I says one day to Hi, says I,  
"How do you always catch 'em, Hi?"  
He gave his bait another switch in,  
An' chucklin', says, "I jest keep fishin'."

Hi took to readin' law at night,  
And pretty soon, the first we knowed,  
He had a lawsuit, won his fight,  
An' was a lawyer! I'll be blowed!  
He knowed more law than Squire McKnab!  
An' though he had "no gift of gab"  
To brag about, somehow he made  
A sober sort of talk that played  
The mischief with the other side.  
One day, when some asked if Hi'd  
Explain how he got in condishin'  
He laughed an' said, "I jest kept fishin'."

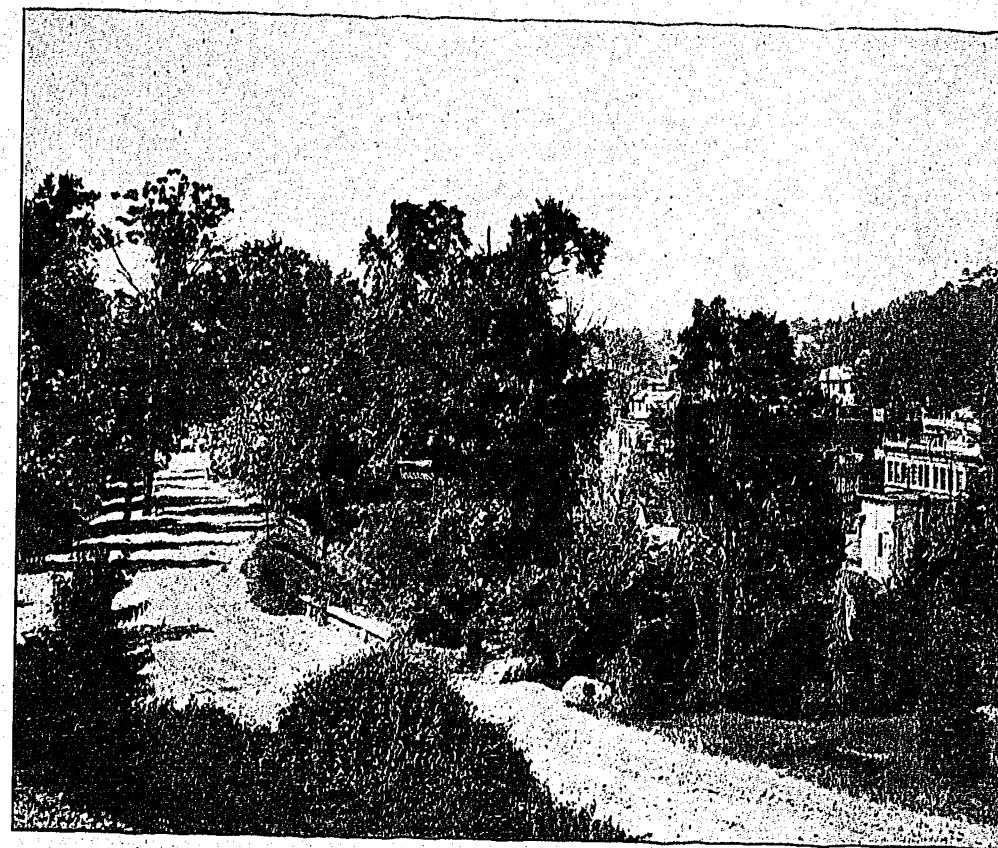
Well, Hi is Gov'ner Somers now;  
A big man round the state, you bet—  
To me the same old Hi, somehow;  
The same old champeen fisher yet,  
It wan't so much the bait er' pole,  
It wan't so much the fishin' hole,  
That won for Hi his big success;  
'Twas jest his fishin' an' I guess,  
A cheerful, stiddy, hopeful kind  
Of keepin' at it—don't you mind?  
And that is why I can't help wishin'  
That more of us would jest keep fishin'.

—Chicago News.

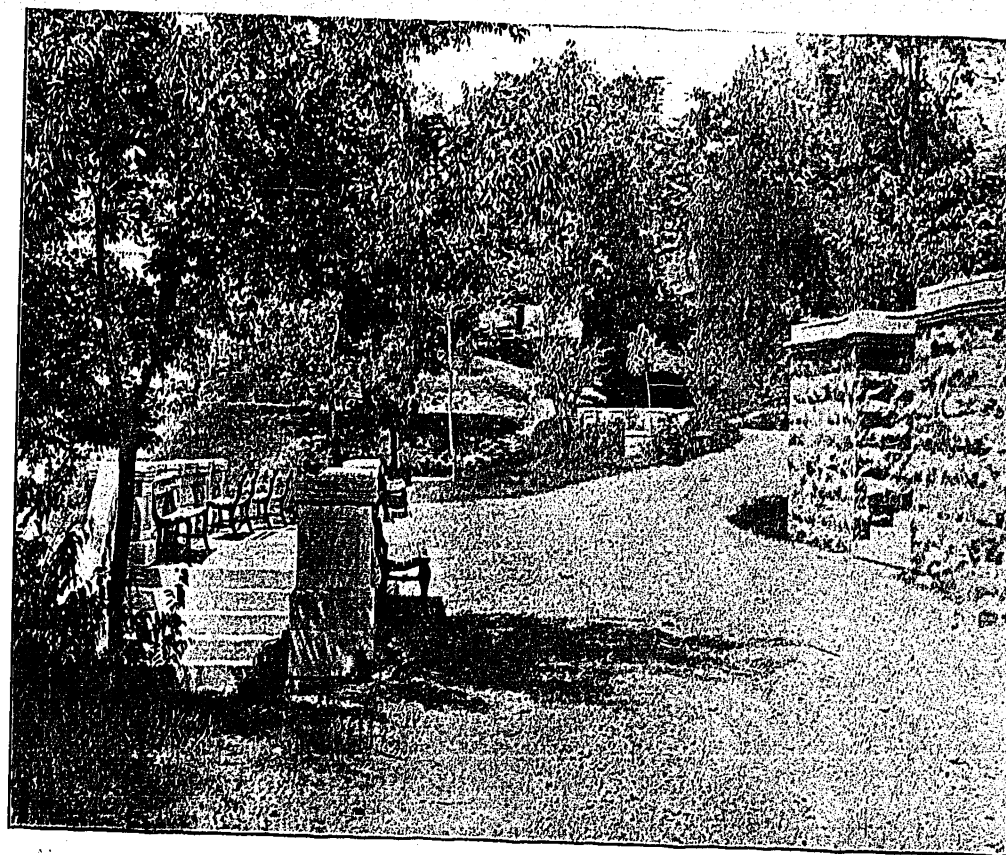
The elevator to success is generally stuck. Try the stairs.



"Suddeply he reeled and fell."



VIEW ON HOT SPRINGS MOUNTAIN, IMMEDIATELY IN THE REAR OF THE ARLINGTON HOTEL, WHICH WILL BE HEADQUARTERS



VIEW ON HOT SPRINGS MOUNTAIN.

## The Jovian Bulletin.

The Bulletin is in receipt of a copy of the Jovian Bulletin and feels as though it has found a young brother. The Jovian Bulletin is the official organ of the Order of the Rejuvenated Sons of Jove, which is devoted to the electrical industry as the Concatenated Order of Hoo-Hoo is devoted to the lumbermen. The slogan of the Jovian Bulletin is—

"All Together, All the Time, for Everything Electrical."

The makeup of the paper is like unto the makeup of The Hoo-Hoo Bulletin, in both size and in the way reports of meetings are told to the membership. The Order of the Rejuvenated Sons of Jove was founded, as has been before stated in these pages, on the Concatenated Order of Hoo-Hoo. Its officers are nine in number and named after the Greek gods. The order is doing splendid work among the electrical men, and the Jovian Bulletin is edited by Mr. E. D. Strickland (No. 599), Cleveland, Ohio, who is the national organizer of the Order. Mr. Strickland was a recent visitor to Nashville.

## Dangers of the X-Ray.

Misuse or excessive use of the x-ray has been proved to be attended with such danger that one shudders to think how carelessly and freely every one was exposed to it in the early days of experimentation. The ray is of the utmost value in diagnosis, but it is like some potent drug, to be used only by experts and with the utmost caution. Says Dr. Gordon G. Burdick, of Chicago, professor of radiotherapy in the Illinois School of Electro-therapeutics, writing in The American Journal of Clinical Medicine:

"It is curious how few physicians realize the dangers of the x-ray, and disregarding the repeated warnings in the medical press, go blindly into using this agent, with a child-like faith in the manufacturer's statement of safety that is sublime. It is not possible to estimate the actual damage that has resulted from the application of this form of energy in the hands of many well-meaning but dangerously incompetent persons.

"I had occasion several years ago to investigate this matter and made arrangements with a newspaper-clipping bureau to furnish me all the material they could on the subject. The immense amount of clippings from our newspapers on this subject cost me about \$18 a month, and unquestionably would be double that amount at the present time, owing to the more general use of the x-ray.

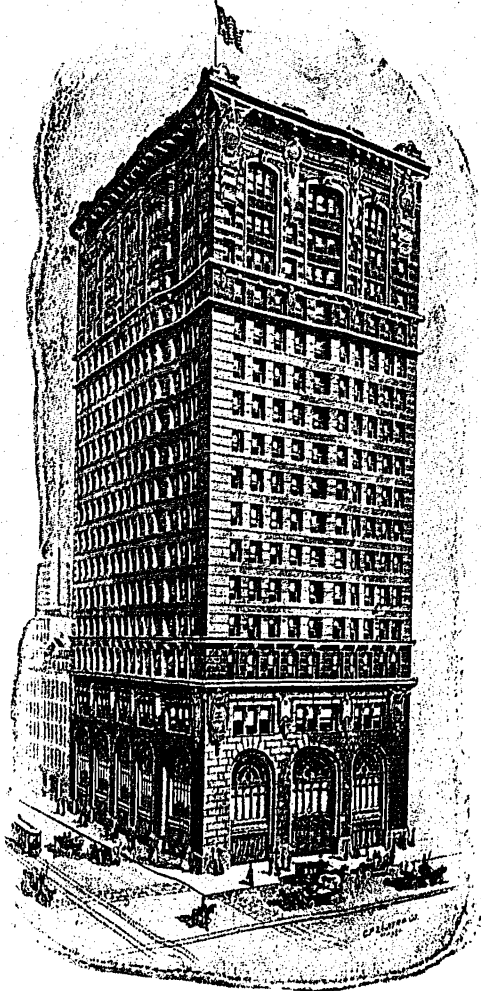
"By correspondence and from investigation of court records it is evident that but a small percentage of these cases have found their way into court. Yet in our own country alone about 120 cases are on the dockets. Many of these accidents have all the earmarks of the grossest criminal carelessness, and many of them are due to institutional negligence. One remarkable case of this kind happened in one of our hospitals.

"They attempted to make a skiagraph of a man's kidneys, and after putting the plate under him, turned on the machine and promptly went away and forgot all about him. He had an exposure of one hour and forty-five minutes. This produced a horrible injury. The skin and muscles became necrotic and it was over two years before skin-grafts would take. This case can be multiplied by fifty that have come under my own immediate observation and have all happened within one State. What would the number be if we had statistics from the whole United States?"

A New York milliner declares that she has never seen a suffragette wear a fashionable hat. This is a splendid compliment to the suffragettes.—Chicago Record-Herald.

The accompanying picture is that of the American Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago, with the fraternal department of which the Scrivenoter has entered into an arrangement whereby the bank is to collect dues from such members as may find it convenient to call in person and get receipts. It is an arrangement identical with that announced some issues ago as having been made with the fraternal department of the Hibernia Bank & Trust Company, of New Orleans. The idea of having a fraternal department and of devoting especial attention to the handling and collection of dues of fraternal orders seems to have originated with this Chicago bank and to have been speedily adopted by the more progressive banks in other cities.

The arrangement is a good one for Hoo-Hoo. The bank makes no charges for its services. Its compensation comes



in being brought into close touch with the members of these various orders and in the custody of the resulting funds. On the funds of the fraternal orders an interest of 3 per cent per annum is paid. It is a progressive step in banking that deserves hearty commendation.

## Somebody is Out of Pocket.

At the big concatenation at Portland, Ore., on April 27, dues were collected from something over fifty men. In the hurry of paying in these dues one man threw down his \$1.65 on the desk and got away before either his name or number was taken down. The money has been forwarded to the office of the Scrivenoter, and stands here as an "unidentified remittance." Who loses? Let him come to the front. Just such an incident as this has several times happened at a big concatenation, and several times notices like this in The Bulletin have been effective in locating the payee. May it prove so in this case.

## NOTES &amp; COMMENTS



In these days of paranoia, paresis, dipsomania, brain storms and all the rest, there are now so many different ways of going crazy that it is a wonder anybody escapes. Some eminent physicians and psychologists declare that nobody does escape—that we are all more or less "touched" in the head.

How many persons could tell at once just what they mean by perfect sanity if they were called on suddenly to do so? Does sanity consist in doing precisely what others do? If so, then nobody is sane, for every person's conduct has some peculiarities which his neighbors neither imitate nor approve. Is a person to be called sane as long as his conduct keeps within certain lines? Within those lines we may differ from others, outside them we are to be numbered among the crazy. Who shall draw the lines? The greatest benefactors the world has known have differed so widely from their neighbors in standards and action that any such definition of insanity as this would include them all.

Martin Luther saw the devil once and threw an inkstand at him. At the present day, this alone would be proof of unbalanced mind. Few people believe in the existence of a personal devil nowadays, and nobody sees him. The old proverb "seeing is believing" has been turned around and now reads, "Believing is seeing." But there are many ways to be crazy besides seeing phantoms. A western paper cites this instance:

The reading only of headlines of newspapers and a disposition to eschew editorials were given as evidence of mental incapacity at the hearing before the register of wills of the contest of the will of William Johnson Binney, who left a large estate, and, incidentally, \$5,000 to Dr. Matthew C. Barnes. It was alleged that the physician had exerted undue influence over Binney, and George V. Tyler, a nurse, said Binney showed marked peculiarities in skipping the text of articles in newspapers and magazines and reading only the heads.

The reading only of headlines may not be indisputable proof of insanity, but such a habit undoubtedly hastens mental decay. Prof. Hugo Munsterberg, who is considered quite an authority on these subjects, has recently written a magazine article in which he gives the following "prescription" for ruining the mind:

You must never read a book where one chapter demands that you hold before your mind what you read in the foregoing chapter. The right thing for you is to take half a dozen illustrated magazines at a time and to glance over the pictures;

you may read somewhat more carefully the advertisements; here and there you might peep into an article, but take care that there is no inner coherence in what you are reading. It is hardly necessary to advise you seriously to avoid any theatres where the plays have a plot in the old-fashioned way. Farces and musical comedies, in which you never know what they are talking about, are exactly the things which you need, if you supplement them from time to time by a few hours in a continuous vaudeville show.

These directions, if followed carefully, are guaranteed to reduce anybody to a state of imbecility.

Another authority is of the opinion that an abnormal love for animal pets is a sure sign of insanity. In a case in court at Newark, N. J., in which the sanity of a woman whose will was in dispute was involved, one man testified that the woman came one day to him with collars for 12 cats, which she wanted engraved with the names of the 12 apostles. I am sorry I do not know how this interesting case was decided.

People who are violently opposed to surgical experimentation on rabbits, guinea pigs, monkeys and dogs are probably a bit off the normal. At any rate these rabid antivivisectionists seem incapable of telling the truth. Collier's Weekly says:

If we ever start an Annals Club, the first crowd elected, after the patent-medicine gentry, will be the antivivisectionists. It would keep us busy merely to enumerate the lies they tell. Apparently they have no reliance whatever on the truth. Most of them, however, are well-meaning. They don't lie for the pleasure of it, but from something akin to hysteria—what doctors call psychosthenia. Their sentiment, though sickly, is sincere. A certain type of neurotic mind may be honest and at the same time entirely false. The leaders in the movement, apart from the few with a money motive, are usually either childless or without strong affections for children, or, indeed, for human beings. Raymond and Janet, studying the disease, tell of a woman who had melancholia over a cat, but lost a child without regret. Morbid anxiety about animals, morbid love of them, they found frequent among degenerate patients. An extreme case is told by Morel, of a patient who would faint at sight of a sick animal, but always went to executions. Dr. Charles L. Dana says that morbid sensitiveness about animals is not infrequent in defective children. He finds it likely to be associated with weak and selfish natures—kindly, perhaps, but without intelligence, and lazy.

"It is much easier to pet a dog or nurse a kitten than to tell the exact truth or provide thoughtfully for the poor; or keep watch over the temper and make a household comfortable." Therefore the kindly feelings of the indolent and unintelligent take this direction.

Collier's remark concerning the difficulty of telling the exact truth is significant. Dr. William Hanna Thompson, whose book, "Brain and Personality" is a most excellent and readable work, says that there is one reliable evidence of perfect mental balance: The ability to look a fact squarely in the face. Few possess this, and therefore, few are sane! Most people lie to themselves if not to others. Thus a person who is utterly without self-control, who gives way on all occasions to bad temper and makes not the slightest effort at self-restraint, will delude himself into the belief that he is "impulsive" and "warm-hearted." Nearly all so-called "impulsive" people are, in fact, merely hoodlums, self-righteous and egotistical. An extreme degree of egotism affects the brain like a drug—it inhibits the action of certain "centers," throws the whole mechanism out of balance and prevents a square look at facts. Usually "drug fiends" are untruthful. "Blinded by egotism" is not so figurative as it sounds. To be "drunk with rage" is also a physiological possibility. If the brain is poisoned, it matters little what it is poisoned with, so far as the immediate results are concerned. From a strictly physical standpoint, the principle is the same when a person gives way to bad temper as when he "tanks up" on whiskey or morphine.

An interesting light is thrown on this subject by the



following paragraph from Professor Munsterberg's recent article:

What is, after all, the pernicious effect of an intemperate use of alcohol? Why does the man rush to dangerous acts, and why is he unable to connect his thoughts carefully and to think of all the consequences, as soon as his brain is poisoned by whisky? It means simply this: Alcohol has the power of paralyzing in every brain those centers which check and regulate the actions of the brain nerves. The physiologist calls such checking influence "inhibition," and he would say alcohol prevents the centers of inhibition from doing their work. In every sober man plenty of impulses come up, but he can inhibit them; if the organism is poisoned by liquor this inhibition fails and the impulse rushes to action. Practically every single disturbance of alcoholic intemperance results from such loss of inhibition. It is as if the supervisor has gone to sleep and all the ideas and impulses do just as they please without control and connection.

"It is as if the supervisor has gone to sleep"—the sentinel, being drugged, nods at his post and the enemy breaks through the lines! Why do we allow destruction to come upon us? Professor Munsterberg explains:

The craving of man for alcohol results just from the fact that in his sober life these inhibition centers are very strongly at work. They make man efficient for great tasks, but as this represses the freedom of his impulses and the free play of his ideas he sometimes longs to get rid of such supervising master in his mind.

This brings us back to Collier's remark concerning laziness and weakness. It is easier to "fly all to pieces" than to remain calm and let the supervisor of the brain centers keep a check on our actions. It is pleasanter to believe we are warm-hearted and impulsive than to face the realization that we are almost the same as drugged or drunk. It is easy to allow our emotions to guide us rather than our reason, for in order to be reasonable, we must put in some little time and study in collecting facts.



Sentiment, when combined with sense, is a good thing—a softening influence. Some one has truly said, "Life becomes a sorrid thing when bereft of sentiment." But sentiment uncontrolled is as dangerous as a runaway locomotive. When it comes to inhibiting the action of the brain centers, sentiment is as effective as alcohol or opium. Viewed through the squint-eye of a sentimentalist, life and the world generally must needs present a weird aspect.

These thoughts come to mind as I meditate on the folly of those philanthropists who agonize over the condition of the negroes in the South. Distressed to death because the "poor blacks" are not permitted to eat at the same table with the white folks or stop at the same hotels, they are yet so blinded by sentiment that they are incapable of doing the negro justice. They idealize him to a degree where he is unlike any other human being on earth—they put him up on a high pedestal where he cannot possibly sit in comfort and must necessarily tumble off. And they call this "kindness!"

The following editorial paragraph from The Independent illustrates my point:

It is enough to "jar" one to read a negro paper, supposed to be devoted to the interests of the race, give columns of pride to a black prize-fighter, whose eminence is no credit to his people, and then turn the page and read advertisements not only of "pure whisky," but of nostrums to whiten the complexion and to straighten kinky hair. The publishers know they are frauds, but they have not the conscience to stop cheating their readers.

It does not jar a Southerner to read these things in a negro paper. We never imagined a negro to be a white man's equal, much less his superior. Newspapers published by white men, both North and South, publish ad-

vertisements of whiskey and of various "nostrums to whiten the complexion." Have you never read of wonderful "face powder" in high-class magazines? Have you never noticed the numerous advertisements of hair-restorers? If you have never seen such advertisements, I can tell you where to find them without looking through the columns of a negro paper. If the white publishers have not progressed beyond the point where they can be paid to "run ads" of articles which they know are frauds, how can the negroes be expected to reach so high a plane? Of course the negro publishers play upon the weaknesses of their readers! The greatest desire of a negro's heart is to get hold of something that will take the kinks out of his hair and make his skin lighter in color. Anybody who could invent such a thing would get richer than Rockefeller. The price would be no object to the purchaser. As for giving "columns of pride to a black prize-fighter," here is a press dispatch which I clipped from a New York paper some time ago because it indicates a more rational attitude on part of the negroes than that of their so-called friends:

Galveston, Texas, March 15—If the colored heavyweight pugilistic champion, Jack Johnson, who is scheduled to arrive here next Thursday, cannot deny that he has a white wife, a demonstration being arranged by Galveston negroes in his honor will be abandoned. It is planned to meet Johnson at the train with a band, and a long line of carriages, for a parade scheduled, but leaders of the movement said today that all hinged on the truth or falsity of reports as to the white wife. Reception committeemen say they consider the marrying of a white woman by Johnson would be a violation of the laws and customs of the country of his birth.

It is natural enough that the negro papers should give lengthy accounts of the triumphs of their champion prize-fighter. White papers do the same. But Johnson had to deny having a white wife before the Southern negroes would consent to do him honor—he declared that she is a negress though light-colored. This action on part of the negroes is a credit to their intelligence and their patriotism—they would not countenance a violation of the laws of their country.

The Independent believes, and has so stated in its columns, that a law prohibiting marriage between the races is "immoral." Its editor recently described, apparently with great pleasure, an "ideal marriage" between a Jewess and a Chinaman. Needless to say, the lady, as well as the yellow man, had "embraced Christianity." The Jews stand for racial purity as taught by Moses in the Scriptures. The Independent has reached a "broader plane" than this, its standard of morality being so high that the advertisement of a nostrum to take out kinks "jars" the editor, whereas if the kinks could be eliminated through intermarriage with the whites, it would be all right.

A misguided young woman of San Francisco has gained notoriety by marrying a little brown man named Gunjiro Aoki. So determined was this infatuated girl to marry in accordance with the strange whim that possessed her that she refused to listen to the pleadings of her father and overrode the scruples of her distressed mother. The laws of California prohibit miscegenation, and so the girl departed with her lover to marry elsewhere. For the sake of decency, the mother went with the couple, and after considerable delay the marriage took place in the state of Washington—Oregon having refused to permit the ceremony. The Portland Oregonian published the following at the time:

The statutes of Oregon may not precisely forbid this marriage, but public sentiment in Oregon is revolted by it. And the spirit of the statutes, if not the letter, condemns it.

The statutes are specific in their inhibition of the intermarriage of white persons with Chinese, negroes, Indians, Kan-

akas and Mongolians. The Japanese do not fall directly under any one of these terms. The statutes were made at a time when Japan was not in contact with the world beyond herself; else, out of question, the Japanese would have been named also in the inhibition.

I call your attention particularly to the Oregonian's statement that "public sentiment in Oregon is revolted" by this mixed marriage. I shall come back to that presently.

In the February issue of The Bulletin I published and commented on a paragraph which appeared originally in the Pilot Rock (Oregon) Record and which was reprinted in the Oregonian with a headline which suggested approbation. The paragraph and the heading are herewith reproduced:

#### One More Kind of Color Line

According to a story from the McKay Creek school district, parents have permitted their children to absent themselves because the teacher allowed a young man by the name of Charles Buckner to accompany her to a neighbor's house. Mr. Buckner is a quarter breed, and belongs to a well-known and highly-respected family in this part of the country. The Buckners are thrifty, well-behaved and have the respect of all who know them. The power of prejudice is almost beyond human calculation, and happy are they who have least of it.

Now since the Jap and the Deacon's daughter have married, the Oregonian says "public sentiment is revolted" thereby. But how can mixed marriages be prevented if young white women are permitted to promenade with colored men? The people who stopped their children from school were right, but there seem to be some folks in that section who are not quite consistent.

The Oregonian further remarks concerning the marriage of Aoki and the white woman:

It is sometimes held by thoughtless persons that marriage is a matter that concerns solely the man and woman who assume its obligations; that it is nobody else's business if the two immediately concerned are satisfied. Only the shallow reason thus. The marriage of every man and woman is a matter of weal or woe to the community. In certain cases the state steps in between the contracting parties and says no.

How would the persons who declare the match between the Jap Aoki and the Emery girl nobody's business but their own like to go through the world as half-breeds? Isn't the world hard enough when one is born right?

Not long ago there appeared before the courts in Seattle a young woman, said to be "refined and pretty," who asked a divorce from S. Shimo, a subject of the Emperor of Japan, whom she had married four months before. The Oregonian made the following comment on the incident:

This girl, who may be "pretty," but who can hardly, in view of her marriage to a Japanese servant, be said to be "refined," knew, if she knew anything, that her marriage to this man was revolting to an unerring racial instinct and was without reasonable or legitimate promise of happiness for herself, for the man she married and for the children that might be born to them. Dull indeed must her womanly instincts and sensibilities have been if she did not see and feel the incongruity and subtle indecency of the marriage relation into which she entered.

"The subtle indecency" of marrying a colored man is perceptible to the Oregonian, but not the indecency of a white teacher's accepting the escort of a "quarter-breed." To a Southerner this distinction is too "subtle" to be apparent to the naked eye. From our standpoint, everybody who is not white is colored. We thoroughly coincide with the following sentiments expressed by the Oregonian:

There is no intention, on the part of those who object to marriage of members of the white race with Japanese, to treat the latter with contempt. They are a people entitled to respect. But the unsuitability of such marriage is apparent. The connection is one that offends decent sensibilities; and it is foreseen that the offspring of such marriages must be placed in our social system under most serious disadvantages. We respect the marriage of Japanese with their own people; but we do not want, and we think they do not want, this mongrelization.

The only section of this country where a white brickmason will ply his trade side by side with a negro brickmason is at the South; the only section of this country where a white carpenter will shove a plane at the same bench with a negro carpenter is at the South, and the same is true of all the trades. Booker Washington knows that, and that is why Mr. Washington advises the negro in his every address to stay in the South, and that is why the negro is going to stay in the South.—Washington Post.

Certainly. There is no prejudice against negro workmen in the South. But a white carpenter in the South would not dine at the same table with a negro nor permit his daughter to go visiting with a colored gallant!

In Kentucky there is a college called Berea, which for a time was attended by both white and colored students, a portion of the endowment of the college having been given by northern people. Now, the mixing up of blacks and whites in school is repellant to white folks and the state of Kentucky forbids by law any such doings. There was great opposition to the enforcing of this law, and the Kentuckians had to carry the case to the Supreme Court. The decision of the Supreme Court, recently handed down, affirms the constitutional right of the state of Kentucky to pass a law forbidding white and colored youth to be taught in the same school. The negroes will hereafter be taught in another school which is being built for them. Kentucky does not object to educating the negro. In common with all the other Southern states, she has expended a great deal of money to educate negroes, but she will not tolerate the mixing up of the races in her schools. The New York Independent declares that the Kentucky state law is "execrable and unchristian." It further says:

Berea College, with white and colored students together, was a noble example and influence; and no work of Berea in enlarging the teaching by establishing a negro branch somewhere else can be sufficient atonement for the wrong and insult. We shall make, in time, a successful appeal from Kentucky cruel to Kentucky Christian, for the right will prevail in the end. In a future generation how men will wonder at this caste rule!

The Independent frequently inveighs against "caste prejudice," meaning the repugnance which white people feel toward meeting the negro as a social equal. This feeling is not due to "caste" prejudice—our determination to keep the negro out of our schools for white children is a matter of race and not "caste"—and it isn't race "prejudice" but race love, a great and abiding love for the white race and a firm resolution to keep it from becoming defiled. The South stands for purity of blood—for the continuation of the germ plasma of the Caucasian race. The supremacy of the white race must be maintained. There are wide gulfs which have separated and will continue to separate the races. They have occasionally been overleaped by foolhardy individuals, but no anthropological engineer has as yet suggested a feasible plan by which these gulfs can be safely bridged. For reasons inscrutable to man, Nature designed to keep the races separate and distinct—when her laws are violated she metes out swift punishment. When a superior race mixes with an inferior one, the latter is not elevated and improved—the higher race sinks to the level of the lower with which it is crossed. It is the recognition of this fact that causes the South to stand in this contention, firm but lonesome. She is going to continue to stand. To allow negroes to attend school with the white students will lead to a breaking down of social barriers and eventually will lead to the intermarriage of the two races. The Independent foresees a millennial dawn when "men will wonder at this caste rule," which now prevails in the South. There may come a time when the descendants of the advocates of social equality will "wonder" at anything decent, but these people will not be "men." They will be a lot of mongrels, devoid alike of individual ambition and race pride.

Sometimes I think that the human race is surely decadent. People nowadays have no stamina. The least little thing knocks us out. Trouble crushes us to earth. Work kills us. Wealth ruins our morals. Even the country people, whose outdoor life should make them robust, are losing their strength. The following item which recently appeared in various papers is depressing:

Pittsburg, Pa., April 10—The arrival of twins in the family of William Hedringer, a farmer near Bouquet, has resulted in the death of the farmer and his mother-in-law. The latter succumbed to heart-disease, brought on by excitement, and Hedringer, on hearing the news, went to the barn and shot himself.

It is not recorded that the mother of the twins made away with herself, but probably she did—since the misfortune, which came not singly, caused the death of the father and grandmother, the poor mother could hardly be expected to bear up against it. The fate of the twins is a painful thought.

In Los Angeles, April 14, Ludwig Fischback, 45 years old, was so affected by the funeral of his employer, Fred Maler, president of the Maler Brewing Company, which he attended the day before, that he ended his life by hanging himself to a tree in the rear of his home.

At Monte Carlo, about two months ago, Fernand Ravezez, a wealthy Frenchman, killed himself because he was suffering from "sheer boredom." He was only 20 years old.

At Northampton, Mass., April 27, a young man committed suicide because the girl he loved refused to marry him. Numerous other men, both young and old, have recently killed themselves because of unrequited love.

In New York last month an inventor, poor and despondent, turned on the gas and passed away just as the postman delivered to the house a letter notifying the dead man that the patent office had at last granted him a patent on an invention which his friends say is worth a million dollars.

And so it goes—some are desperate because they are not married and others because they are. The poor are despondent and the rich are bored. There must be something wrong with our laws, our religion or our victuals, for we have no nerve left.

From Old Kaintuck.

Through the courtesy of the R. J. Menz Lumber Company, of Seattle, the following Kentucky mosaic has been received. The fact must not be overlooked that the lumber company which sent out this letter is located in J. H. Baird's district and no doubt read the Southern Lumberman, and from that and the Hoo-Hoo Bulletin acquired the form of verbal architecture used in the framework of their letter:

Dear mister kind good retate deeler: Our peepul down south run sevral big sawmills and tel us we have got to git more orders or skidoo. We don't give a darn for the tearlit and their ain't no lumber trust. Wee don't trust nobody and nobody don't trust us but we have got to sel lumber or our folks will git a new hired man just between you'uns and we'uns our people are fools? They mak there lumber bettern eny body else and let us sell it at the same prise thees hand me down fellers make. then the blamed chunks fl ever order we send em. Then don't keer if the market gosse up \$5 a thousand ft. you git what you buy and they don't sell you fur instance a good grade of No. one common Floorin and then ship you No. 2 common floorin and call it D. Wee mak the ole grades.

Our people are big people. we sometimes think they own the rileroads fur wee ship like lightring. You've bot lumber frum us befour and thow you don't no how it is dun you no it is dun. Wee air got the goods and you not. You no that our prises are rite so why don't yo sen us all yer orders. If you are in a hurry, leev the prise open and if we don't make same rite we'll chew lay.

Please sen us you inquiries but its orders our people want, and if you will only give us a chance to quot you we'll git the orders and you'll git the best lumber you ever had. p. s. and say we got red cedar shingles two and on sypris wee can't be beat.—West Coast Lumberman.

#### The Hoo-Hoo Memorial Tablet.

Pray take these copper pennies  
And melt them in the pot.  
Heat them up with Hoo-Hoo lore  
Until they're boiling hot;  
Then cast them in a tablet  
And put it in the wall.  
That every passing Hoo-Hoo  
May to his mind recall  
The birthplace of our Order,  
The cradle of our tribe,  
That "Health, Long Life and Happiness"  
May with him long abide.

S. H. HATHAWAY (No. 3122).

P. S.—Thoughts inspired by indigestion. Don't shoot me on sight. Can't help it, sometimes.  
Seattle, Wash., April 6, 1909.

Office of Doty Lumber & Shingle Company, Dryad, Wash., April 16, 1909—Mr. J. H. Baird, Nashville, Tenn. Dear Sir and Brother: Enclosed herewith picture of my son, Harry Albert Onn, aged 9. Just an ordinary picture of an ordinary boy.



HARRY ALBERT ONN.

And here this story might end, but, as a matter of fact, it does not. Some unusual coincidences follow. This particular boy was born September 9, 1900, at 9 minutes past 9. He will be 9 years old at 9 minutes past 9 on the 9th day of the 9th month of the present year.

I claim he is the original and only Hoo-Hoo boy in existence. Affidavits furnishing proof of the foregoing statements can be had by the skeptical. Yours fraternally,

H. B. ONN (No. 12610).

P. S.—The boy's father is an old time shingle weaver and has only 9 fingers, having lost one in the mill years ago.—H. B. O.

Surely this boy should be lucky throughout life. The picture shows that he is goodlooking—it is said to be lucky for a boy to resemble his mother. Nearly all good-looking boys do this. Here's wishing this little lad Health, Happiness and Long Life.

On a day when the American decides to "see America first," the country round about Seattle and within easy sailing of it will come to be to the western hemisphere what the Alps have been to Europe and the Himalayas to Asia. But the beauties of the Alps are held in small compass and the Himalayas are hidden by distance, save from the adventurous traveler. The beauties of Washington, British Columbia and Alaska are the equal of either and in much they excel, for they are flung for a thousand miles along the ramparted coast line. Best of all they are at our doorway and to be had for such a glorious day's sailing as comes to few in a lifetime.

Seattle's Exposition is set upon the banks of two gem-like lakes, girt with woods, and the buildings rise in a forest of fir. Back of the lakes rise the mountains, and sentinel over it all, towers Mt. Rainier, the highest peak in the United States and by many declared the most beautiful. To the westward, from the heart of the saw-toothed Olympic Mountains, Mt. Constance looks down upon the Exposition city and upon the thousand islands of packed Puget Sound and its hundreds of miles of intricate, wooded coast line. At the north is lifted the snow-capped spindle of Mt. Baker, the third member of a majestic triumvirate.

Daily during the spring and summer months excellently equipped excursion boats leave Seattle for the now famous jaunt thru the "Inside Passage" along the coast of British Columbia to the southeastern coast of Alaska, with its wonder-world of glaciers and mountains and queer peoples that live nowhere else on earth. The tourist may climb the glaciers, fish the streams for trout, or, with the natives of the northland, beat down the woods for deer. He may see salmon brought in by the hundreds of thousands and put thru the canneries which line the Alaskan coast, and he may barter with the aborigines for the trinkets, curios and garments which their deft craftsmen make as they barter. The Inside Passage is a land of Titans and fairies, and it is possible to make the tour of it, from Seattle to far Sitka, and return, for as much as the cost of a one-way ticket from Chicago to the Coast.

And there is almost as much to see on the way across continent. If the Exposition-bound passenger comes by way of the Canadian Pacific he will have the coast of Lake Superior to whet his appetite for the tremendous glories of Banff and the other wonder-spots in the Canadian Rockies. He may stop over in the Kootenais, or see what there is in the Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan that, in two years, has won away from Uncle Sam no less than 100,000 of his farmers.

If the route be by way of the Northern Pacific, the Great Northern, Burlington or Union Pacific there is always the Yellowstone Park to be visited, and he has not seen the Northwest who does not use his stop-over privilege to the time limit when he reaches that particular section of the Rocky Mountains, for between them Montana and Wyoming have a wonderland to offer.

By the Union Pacific, the Denver & Rio Grande and allied roads out from Denver, the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, the greatest and most picturesque rift in all the earth's surface, is to be seen, and so is Salt Lake, the old Mormon capital, and the big mining country around it. Incidentally the Union Pacific Railroad now sends its passenger trains directly across the weird body of water from which the city takes its name, on one of the longest trestle bridges in the world.

By the time the Exposition opens the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad will have completed its extension to Seattle and will offer still another picturesque transcontinental route. It passes thru the same general, mountainous country that the Great Northern and Northern Pacific pass thru and its route reveals every scene of grandeur in the Northern Rockies and the Cascades and leads thru the thousands of blooming acres of fruit lands which have made Eastern Washington famous.

Neither is Seattle's "fifty cent circuit" to be overlooked when the traveler to be sets to figuring the aggregate of his travel values, for it means the Navy Yards at Bremerton, where the largest drydock on Pacific waters is building, Victoria and Vancouver, in British Columbia, historic Port Townsend and the Neah Bay Indian reservation, where the Siwash, or Chinook, Indian is to be seen in his highest development. It means the water trip to beautiful Tacoma and Hood Canal, a natural fissure along the base of the Olympics that, in scenic beauty, rivals the Inside Passage.—J. E. Chilberg, President Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition in The Independent, New York.

#### Roosevelt Drops Thru.

According to a Washington despatch to the New York Times, the advocates of simplified spelling received a rude shock when it was discovered that in his last message to

Congress Mr. Roosevelt had abandoned its use. Along about that time everybody was in somewhat of a strain. Says the Times:

In the hurry and bustle of the ending of the last full week of the Sixtyth Congress the reversion of the President to the old and accepted style of spelling was overlooked.

In the first paragraph of the message Mr. Roosevelt "expressed" instead of "expressed," in the second paragraph "thorough" instead of "thoro" essentials, and in the closing sentence "throughout" and not "thruout." The last is especially noticeable, as "thru" has been defended by him against all attacks, and he has waged war against those of the "simple" spellers who believed that this change was ill-advised.

This return to the spelling of his forefathers leads the "simple" spellers in Washington to fear that they have lost their greatest convert. His defection is all the more extraordinary in the opinion of his critics because Congress is opposed to the spelling fad.

There are only a few periodicals now that cling to the simplified spelling. The Literary Digest is one of them and The Independent is another. Mr. Chilberg's excellent article which appeared in the April 8 number of The Independent and which is republished in part in this issue of The Bulletin, is, in my opinion, marred by such spelling as "equipt," "thru," and the like. But that is not his fault—it is the "style of the paper" for which he wrote.

Louisiana, March 24, 1909—Brother Baird: My intended has rolled me for my Hoo-Hoo button, and that I may secure it peacefully, I herewith enclose check for \$2.60 for which please send me "The Ladies' Pin," also a "Grip Tag" with No. — engraved.

Why wouldn't it be all right to add "1-2" to the purchaser's number and let it represent the better half.

Have just received The Bulletin and it is being eagerly devoured.  
Fraternally yours,

The foregoing letter from a member whose name I withhold contains a novel suggestion about the Ladies' Pin, but his own letter suggests one of the difficulties. It would take a man of some nerve to give a pin engraved to represent a "better half" to a woman who is as yet only his "intended." There is many a slip betwixt the cup and a good many things. The present rule is to engrave the purchaser's number on all Hoo-Hoo jewelry purchased, including these Ladies' Pins.

#### A New Use for Black Cat.

Yonkers, N. Y.—A peculiar story involving a black cat has been divulged with the filing of the will of Susan Van Nostrand Pulver, of Hastings, N. Y., which cuts off her husband and son without a cent and gives the entire estate to a daughter. The husband and wife did not speak in the latter years, and it is related that Mrs. Pulver used a black cat as a means of communication with her husband.

"I think I'll have some more coal, don't you, pussy?" she would say, and the old gentleman would leave his chair, go to the shed and fetch in the coal.

Whenever meals were ready Mrs. Pulver would place them on the table and say to the cat:

"Well, pussy, dinner is ready for the family. Call them in."  
—Newspaper Clipping sent by Hoo-Hoo (No. 17866).

#### Where Paul was Ignorant.

Perhaps a concerted movement by the churches to have their feminine members take off their hats at services may abate the epidemic of horrors now devastating the nerves of the community. If the hats cannot be worn where they can best be seen their interest will soon be on the wane. It is true that St. Paul decreed that woman must not have her head uncovered in church, but then the architectural, gargoyleish milliner was unknown in his day, or his dictum might have been just the reverse.—Baltimore American.



**Fisherman's Sunday Luck.**

The tarpon is said to be the king of game fishes and from the stories that are told and the photos that have been taken of the high leaper of the waters, tarpon fishing must be great sport. But the tarpon is not a food fish, and the only advantage in hooking him is to experience the thrill of the fight which he puts up to save his life. Out here in Oregon we have no tarpon, but we have the royal chinook, and if any tarpon fisherman is ever fortunate enough to hook such a forty-three-pounder as was caught by W. F. Bachus at Oregon City Sunday, tarpon fishing will lose its charm. The royal chinook will not only execute many of the acrobatic stunts for which the tarpon is famous, but he will add a few new ones. Best of all, when one of these royal fish is finally landed he yields up salmon steaks that are the epicure's delight.—Oregonian.

**Uses Fish for an Alarm Clock.**

C. C. Middlebrooks, ex-Sheriff of Litchfield County, has had a bungalow constructed over the waters of Highland Lake, near shore, so that he can fish off the front veranda or through holes in the floor of his summer cottage. He will sleep near the apertures and have a contrivance so that whenever a big fish is hooked a bell near his bed will ring.—Winsted (Conn.) Dispatch to the New York World.



Jack London, who left San Francisco two years ago in a diminutive schooner for a cruise around the world, has abandoned the trip and is endeavoring to sell the schooner at a bargain. After making occasional trips back to San Francisco by steamer London succeeded in getting down among the South Sea Islands, covering about one-sixth of the distance originally scheduled. There is some hard work and discomfort in a voyage of this nature, and as hard work has been the bane of London's life, it is but natural that he should prove a quitter.—San Francisco Call.

**Saw Many Wonders.**

Pittsburg, Pa., April 25.—Alexander Killen, who had served nineteen years, four months and one day in the Western Penitentiary and was pardoned by Governor Stuart, yesterday, walked from the penitentiary into an automobile awaiting him and for the first time in his life witnessed the things that had grown up since his incarceration. Besides the automobile, electric street cars, skyscrapers and women's new hats attracted his attention.—New Orleans Picayune.



Because Seattle is different, the fair will be open on Sundays. Not that the city has less respect for the day, but because there are no strings on Seattle. The innovation makes it the first real exposition for all the people, saints as well as sinners.—San Francisco Examiner.

**Seattle Makes Good.**

Frank P. Allen, director of work for the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition, the man behind the hammer, reported on April 20 to the executive committee of the board of directors that on that day the exposition was 98 per cent complete.

He reported further, and he produced the figures upon which he based his estimate, that, at the then present rate of progress the exposition would be complete on May 20—complete down to the most remote detail.

Heretofore Mr. Allen has been chary of statements of that character. He did not lack optimism, but he was conservative to a degree. Wherefore Seattle has accepted his estimates as the word and the law, and by letter and various other channels it is going out to the world at large that the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition will be ready and waiting June 1, the day fixed first in the bond.

This means that on April 1 Seattle's fair was as ready for business as was Jamestown on its first day. It means that on May 1 it was nearer to being a completed product than was St. Louis on the day the gates went open. On the same date it was two months ahead of Buffalo, in construction, and, it will be remembered by those who attended the greatest exposition of them all, that at Chicago construction continued through the first two months.

In this respect Seattle may boast, without vainglory, that it has made good and to its everlasting credit it can be said that it has made good upon that other boast which it has flung across country and abroad, for it has produced "the most beautiful exposition ever held."—Oregonian.

**After Nine Days.**

Valdez, Alaska, Monday, April 12.—To be seized by an eagle and carried miles through the air, to escape its captor and to make its way through deep snow back to its home is the experience of a cat belonging to Joseph Bourke, of the Standard Copper Company at Landlock. George Treat, who for the past two weeks has been visiting Mr. Bourke, brings the story to Valdez, and vouches for its truth.

The cat, according to Mr. Treat, has been making its home at the mine workings, about 2,200 feet above the beach. The second or third day after the arrival of Mr. Treat one of the men working up the hill telephoned that an eagle had carried off the cat. The sad fate of Madam Grimaltina was discussed by Mr. Treat and his host, Mr. Bourke, and the affair became one of those events that are of the past.

Some days ago, however, the incident was revived, for there was a vicious jangling of the telephone bell in the mine company office and the agitated voice of an Italian countermine announced that the cat had returned. Investigation proved the announcement to be true, for torn almost hairless along her back and nearly starved, the cat had crawled into her home.

Just how the cat escaped the eagle is a mystery. Whether the animal twisted and scratched itself free during the flight of its captor, whether it escaped after the eagle had settled itself on some high-raised crag, or whether the cat succeeded in killing its captor are questions that will never be answered. But the fact remains that the cat, carried by an eagle, is back home after an absence of nine days.

On the heights of the mountains above the mine workings the snow is deep and soft and the journey of the cat must have been nearly as strenuous as its sudden departure from its comfortable home. There is at the Bourke and Steele mine a cat that from now on will receive careful nursing so long as nursing is necessary, and after that it will be carefully cared for so long as it may live.—Newspaper clipping sent by No. 12588.



With this issue, The Bulletin starts a new department—a joke page, which I trust some of the members will like. Of course, it is useless to strive to please everybody. No doubt Brother Sam Guyther, champion kicker of the universe, will claim that the jokes are old, and Brother Wallace Everett will probably criticize the design which has been adopted for the heading of the page. The Hoot Mon perhaps will hoot. No matter. I cannot be sure of pleasing others, and so I shall please myself. Then at least one person will be pleased! The joke page helps to take the strain off the mind. The design at the head of the page warns us not to be too dismal if we would attain Health, Happiness and Long Life, that trinity of blessings comprised in Hoo-Hoo's motto—the three which in reality are one. An old song runs thus:

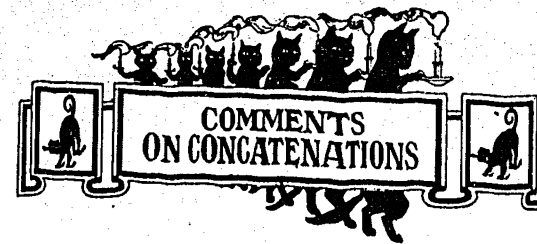
It is better to laugh than be sighing,  
When we think how life's moments are flying!

The word "dismal" comes from the Latin "dies malus," signifying "evil days." Shall we not seek to postpone the evil days—and to make them fewer if we cannot cut them out entirely? "A broken spirit drieth up the bones" says the inspired writer. These words contain more wisdom than is found in many volumes of modern lore on such high-sounding subjects as the "psychology of joy."

The ancients had a gruesome custom of seating a skeleton at their feasts to remind them that life is brief and death inevitable. Surely it is better to view the matter from another standpoint—those solemn Egyptians are at the head of the joke page "lest we forget" that melancholy shortens life.

**The Cow and the Can.**

In ten years the United States has exported \$16,000,000 worth of condensed milk, which proves that the cow and the can are important factors in the commercial prosperity of this great land.



**Up at Elkins in the Mountains.**

At Elkins, W. Va., Vicegerent Alf Rudy pulled off a fine concatenation, which was complete in every appointment, from the concatenation hall to the close of the banquet. The following account of the meeting was written by Brother J. W. Weir:

Running the gauntlet of all the terrors that beset them on all sides before reaching the Hoo-Hoo backyard fence, seven mewling, screeching, wailing kittens underwent an ordeal at the concatenation of the great Order of Hoo-Hoo, held at Nathan Hall Friday night, under the direction of Vicegerent Snark Alf. A. Rudy, that left them black and breathless, but once in Hoo-Hoo land the scales fell from their eyes and they became full fledged black cats. The sharp crack of firearms followed by dull thuds told those without the pale of Hoo-Hoo land of the awful torture those poor kittens were undergoing. The grilling they underwent will never be effaced from the tablets of their memory.

Hoo-Hoo who attended the concatenation were lavish in their praise of Vicegerent Alf. Rudy, upon whom the burden of preparation for the affair devolved and who covered himself with glory in all the arrangements.

The clock was almost striking the hour of midnight when the modern Spanish inquisitors and the inquisitees, seven in number, emerged from the Nathan building, panting for fresh air and ready to do justice to the lavish repast soon to be served them under the direction of Boniface Woodford of the Randolph.

About fifty were gathered around the festal board, awaiting with keenly whetted appetites the tempting viands prepared by the Randolph's chef. Courses were interspersed with the usual excellent music furnished by the opera house orchestra under the direction of Prof. McCartney, frequent applause greeting the well rendered numbers, and more especially the two solos to which Mr. McCartney treated the guests of the evening. The dining room was tastefully decorated with Hoo-Hoo flags and with the ladies gracing the occasion by their presence nothing was left to be desired.

During the progress of the banquet the following programme was rendered:

**Programme.**

CARL M. CAROLINENS, Baritone and Reader.  
MISS ELIZABETH WOODROW, Accompanist.

**Part One**

"The Gipsy Trail".....Galloway  
Readings—"The Deacon's Story," "O'Grady's Goat."  
Dialect Songs—"Sweet Miss Mary," "Lindy"....Netdlinger  
Reading (by request)—"The Chariot Race," from Ben Hur

**Orchestra**

**Part Two**

"Song of Waiting".....Wright  
"Look the Other Way".....Norton  
Readings—"Tom's Star," Pat's Courtship."  
"Still Wie Die Nacht".....Bohm  
"O Schone Zeit".....Gotze

Readings—"Mrs. Casey's Neighbors," "Hunting A Mouse."  
Orchestra Selections—(1) Knights of the Round Table; (2) Selection from the Time, Place and the Girl; (3) Medley Overture, Hills of 1909; (4) Hungarian Fantasia; (5) Golden Age Waltzes; (6) Simple Aveu; (7) You are Not the Little Girl I Wrote To (from a Knight for a Day.); (8) Overture, Superba; (9) Jolly Sweethearts, Intermezzo; (10) Sunset Waltzes; (11) Amarylls; (12) Prosit March.

Snark M. Ney Willson; Senior Hoo-Hoo, F. H. Whaley; Junior Hoo-Hoo, A. M. Freedlock; Bojum, T. E. Hardman; Scrivenoter, O. H. Barnes; Jabberwock, P. J. Reid; Custocattian, S. S. Steele; Arcanoper, D. D. Hazeltine; Gurdon, M. M. Brown.

- 22945 George Craig Craig, Winterburn, W. Va.; wesser Geo. Craig & Sons.
- 22946 Simon "Soakem" Deal, Elkins, W. Va.; owner S. S. Deal.
- 22947 Louis Daniel Gastelger, Dobbins, W. Va.; general manager J. L. Rurnbarger Lumber Company.
- 22948 George McClellan Musser, Fitchburg, Mass.; salesman Simonds Mfg. Co.
- 22949 William Leroy Norton, Elkins, W. Va.; manager Consolidated Lumber Company.
- 22950 William Samuel Tollard, Mill Creek, W. Va.; partner Tollard & Spiker.
- 22951 Humboldt (Daron) Yokum, Beverly, W. Va.; owner H. Yokum.

Concatenation No. 1542, Elkins, W. Va., April 9, 1909.

**Concatenation at New Orleans.**

Snark J. F. Davis; Senior Hoo-Hoo, F. P. Battford; Junior Hoo-Hoo, I. B. Lamson; Bojum, J. H. Deeves; Scrivenoter, W. B. Capron; Jabberwock, O. H. Van Horn; Custocattian, J. M. Barrus; Arcanoper, H. M. Busch; Gurdon, H. P. Goring. 22952 Roy Fisk Lovejoy, Lowell, Mass.; member D. Lovejoy & Son.

Concatenation No. 1543, New Orleans, La., April 17, 1909.

**Galveston Concatenation Notable Success.**

The concatenation held by Vicegerent Bliss P. Gorham at Galveston, April 14, in connection with the big Texas lumbermen's convention was the usual notable success. Texas concatenations are in a class by themselves, both as regards a highly enjoyable time and the number and high character of the initiates. Vicegerent Gorham had thirty-six regular initiates and one Life, and all the incidents of the concatenation passed off with smoothness and eclat. He had the Seer of the House of Ancients present in the person of Mr. Bolling Arthur Johnson who acted as Snark at the concatenation. Ex-Snark of the Universe John S. Bonner filled the station of Junior Hoo-Hoo. The initiatory ceremonies were preceded by a street parade that traversed the principal streets of the city and attracted an immense amount of attention. The parade started from the lobby of the Tremont Hotel where the initiates, and others taking part, had been assembled at 8 o'clock in the evening. At 8:09 the command to march was given. The parade was headed by a squad of mounted police who cleared the way. Behind the policemen marched that jovial genius, Jim Dillon, of Houston, clad in an English walking suit of the very latest color and cut, and carrying a cane in the place of a baton. The Galveston band followed, after which came a big water wagon, with the sign "Milk" painted on the side, and on the top of which several blindfolded kittens rode astride. The remainder of the parade consisted of kittens on foot and several lumber wagons with square timbers chained on for seats and kittens astride the seats. The entire route was given an aurora borealis effect through the unlimited use of red fire.

Following this outdoor exhibition the initiatory ceremonies were administered with an impressiveness such as can only be commanded by Seer Johnson, assisted by such men as Bonner, Dillon, Ketchum, Baugh and others who took part.

- Snark, B. A. Johnson; Senior Hoo-Hoo, F. N. Yochem; Junior Hoo-Hoo, J. S. Bonner; Bojum, E. N. Ketchum; Scrivenoter, W. B. Botts; Jabberwock, W. E. Black; Custocattian, W. M. Baugh; Arcanoper, James Shelton; Gurdon, J. G. Dillon.
- 22953 John Miller Baber, Warren, Texas; superintendent W. H. Norris.
- 22954 Walter Franklin Barnes, Lampasas, Texas; manager Little Lumber Company.
- 22955 William John Buhmann, Galveston, Texas; salesman Miller & Vidor Lumber Company.
- 22956 John Henry Conkle, Shepherd, Texas; president and manager R. C. Miller Lumber Co., Houston, Texas.
- 22957 Fred John Cutting, Mercedes, Texas; member of firm Mercedes Lumber Company.

- 22558 George Quinean Daffan, Galveston, Texas; soliciting freight agent T. & R. V. Ry.
- 22559 William Francis Edwards, Westoff, Texas; manager Bells Lumber Company, Bells, Texas.
- 22560 Josh Fulkerson Ewing, Bronte, Texas; manager South Texas Lumber Company, Houston, Texas.
- 22561 Benjamin Sheddick Field, Garwood, Texas; vice president and general manager McClanahan-Field Mer. Co.
- 22562 Samuel Pulaski Fleming, Galveston, Texas; partner Bryde & Fleming.
- 22563 William Alfred Guyton, Galveston, Texas; vice president Willow Lumber Company.
- 22564 Charles Wentworth Hahl, Houston, Texas; secretary and treasurer R. C. Miller Lumber Company.
- 22565 John Emil Hintz, Texarkana, Ark.; sales manager Sou. Pine Lumber Company.
- 22566 Walter Deak Hoover, Lake Charles, La.; general sales manager Powell Lumber Company.
- 22567 Archie Grant Hubbard, Galveston, Texas; secretary, treasurer and manager Galveston Lumber Company.
- 22568 James Allen Kelley, Pinebluff, Texas; secretary and treasurer Garrison-Norton Lumber Company.
- 22569 Henry Browning Landes, Galveston, Texas; shipping clerk and salesman Nona Mills Company, Ltd., Beaumont, Texas.
- 22570 Louis Lafayette Limbaugh, Big Springs, Texas; manager of Big Springs yards Connell Lumber Company, Ft. Worth, Texas.
- 22571 Isaac N. McCrary, Ft. Worth, Texas; stockholder McCrary-McDonald Cypress Company.
- 22572 William Crain McDonald, Galveston, Texas; salesman Miller & Vidor Lumber Company.
- 22573 Alexander Montgomery Maloney, Alexander, Texas; owner A. M. Maloney.
- 22574 Edward Lory Malsley, Galveston, Texas; salesman Seaboard Lumber & Mfg. Co.
- 22575 Aurelius Milleh, Beaumont, Texas; manager Texas division Hugo Foreheimer, New Orleans, La.
- 22576 John Sloan Mills, Miles, Texas; assistant manager and salesman South Texas Lumber Co., Houston, Texas.
- 22577 John D. Richardson, Coahoma, Texas; local manager Burton-Lingo Co., Ft. Worth, Texas.
- 22578 Sam Chambliss Rigney, Kirbyville, Texas; owner S. C. Rigney Lumber Company.
- 22579 J. Harvey Sanders, Beaumont, Texas; traveling salesman Peden Iron & Steel Company, Houston, Texas.
- 22580 Benjamin Isaac Sparks, Galveston, Texas; auditor Miller & Vidor Lumber Company.
- 22581 Benjamin Sproule, Galveston, Texas; B. Sproule.
- 22582 Ernest F. Strube, Ft. Worth, Texas; traveling salesman Wilson-Strube Lumber Company.
- 22583 Edward Henry Vogel, Lockhart, Texas; manager W. S. Vogel & Son.
- 22584 Virgil Walton, Richardson, Texas; owner Walton Lumber Company.
- 22585 Hamilton Atchison West, Galveston, Texas; salesman International Crosscutting & C. Co.
- 22586 John Edwards Wier, Kingsville, Texas; salesman Knox Lumber Company.
- 22587 John Bryant Wilson, Galveston, Texas; member of firm D. M. Wilson & Co.
- 22588 Ernest George Youens, Navasota, Texas; member of firm J. Youens & Co.
- Life: 47 Dan E. Wallis, Galveston, Texas; owner Wellow Lumber Company.
- Concatenation No. 1544, Galveston, Texas, April 14, 1903.

#### Learn to See as Well as Anybody.

Fifteen were sent down the line at DeQueen, Ark., on the night of April 17, when Vicegerent Harry J. Large held his concatenation, and as Brother Large expresses it: "When we got through with them they could see as well as anybody. Every one seemed to have a delightful time. Brother R. T. Bates acted as Junior and filled his place until the 'world looked level.' Several of the kittens would not talk, more especially Senator Wingo, but the Junior finally got him loosened up and he burst forth in a beautiful melody entitled, 'If You Pick It It Will Never Get Well.'"

The committee in charge had everything in perfect readiness for the occasion and nothing was left undone to make the occasion a success. All the Hoo-Hoo of DeQueen entered most heartily into the preparations for the meeting.

At midnight the "Session-on-the-Roof" was held in the banquet hall of the Bee Opera House, where a toothsome menu was served. The following out-of-town members were present: W. L. Perkins, A. Goldsmith, Ashdown; J. R. Swink, Oklahoma; W. M. Rankin, Missouri; B. P. Littlehyer, Janssen; E. H. Harge, Bokhoma, Okla.; T. B. Reeves, Winthrop; W. W. Lindsey, Mena; J. T. Williamson,

J. H. Murray, W. H. Boatman, Dierks; C. W. Brown, Poteau, Okla.; Walter Forbes, Clyde Forbes, Garvin, Okla.; J. L. Hollis, Camden; R. T. Bates, Kokomo, Ind.

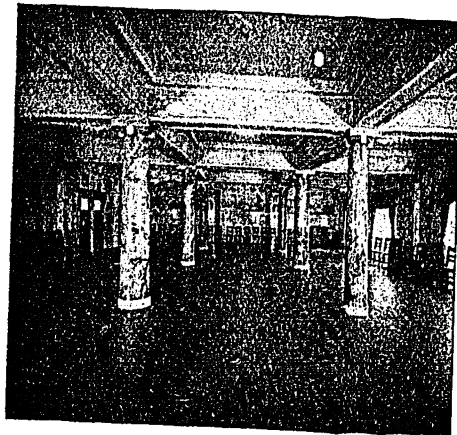
Snark, Harry J. Large; Senior Hoo-Hoo, T. E. Brown; Junior Hoo-Hoo, R. T. Bate; Bojum, J. F. Thompson; Scrivener, E. C. Williamson; Jabberwock, A. P. Cone; Custocattan, Frank Weaver; Arcanoper, J. H. Lane; Gurdon, Herbert Dierks.

- 22989 George Davis Beaumont, Texarkana, Ark.; travelling salesman Gulf Refining Company, New Orleans, La.
- 22990 Benjamin Brannan, Poteau, Okla.; superintendent Poteau Lumber Company.
- 22991 Alfred Burnett, DeQueen, Ark.; Superintendent Dierks Lumber & Coal Company.
- 22992 James Henry Crook, Alkheh, Okla.; timber owner Choctaw Lumber Company.
- 22993 Wesley "Smooth Cut" Dammes, New York, N. Y.; salesman H. Hoe & Co.
- 22994 Archie Munsell Darling, America, Okla.; assistant manager Wm. Spencer Lumber Company.
- 22995 James Howard Dyar, DeQueen, Ark.; member of firm Dyar-Armstrong Lumber Company.
- 22996 John Wheeler Hankins, Vallant, Okla.; manager Whitfield Lumber Company.
- 22997 Arthur Craig Havens, Bokhoma, Okla.; Frisco Lumber Company.
- 22998 Silas James Loucks, DeQueen, Ark.; manager Loucks Bros.
- 22999 John Smith Martin, Poteau, Okla.; assistant manager Poteau Lumber & Mfg. Co.
- 23000 Andrew Anderson Price, Dierks, Ark.; manager Dierks Lumber & Coal Company.
- 23001 Harvey Charles Taylor, Horatio, Ark.; superintendent Cleveland-McLeod Lumber Co., Neal Springs, Ark.
- 23002 William Evan Watkins, Mena, Ark.; member of firm Watkins Lumber Company.
- 23003 Otis T. Wingo, DeQueen, Ark.; general atty. Cleveland-McLeod Lbr. Co. and Little River R. R. Co.
- Concatenation No. 1545, DeQueen, Ark., April 17, 1903.

#### The Tale of a Black Cat at Alexandria.

Vicegerent Ben F. Roberts' concatenation at Alexandria, La., on April 24 was a good one. There was not only a big class, but there was fun and plenty of it, and the boys enjoyed the day immensely. Thirty-three were initiated and there were 75 or more old and battle-scarred felines watching the fun in the concatenation hall.

During the day they were arriving from all parts of Louisiana, and many from other states registered at Hoo-Hoo headquarters, which were established in the joint branch office of the Whitney Supply Company, of New Orleans, and the Bonner Oil Company, of Houston, located



The famous Venetian Hall of the Hotel Bentley, Alexandria, La., where the banquet was held.

in the Hotel Bentley. At 7:30 p.m. the assembled cats escorted the thirty and three trembling kittens to the city opera house, where the initiatory exercises were held.

#### The Banquet.

At 11 o'clock 105 Hoo-Hoo seated themselves at a table which was in the form of a monster letter "H" in the

banquet hall of the Hotel Bentley. The banquet, with its attendant features, was one of the most sumptuous and enjoyable ever attended by a body of Hoo-Hoo. The success of this occasion was largely due to Manager J. F. Letton, of the Hotel Bentley, who spared no pains to make the function one long to be remembered by those who were privileged to attend.



Front Loggia of the Hotel Bentley, in the end of which is located the joint offices of the Whitney Supply Co. and Bonner Oil Co., which was used as headquarters for the recent Hoo-Hoo meeting at Alexandria.

The menu, which was printed in colors upon an artistically designed card, follows:

Menu.			
Trimnings, with Sawdust			
Mock Turtle, with Shavings			
Pine Burs	Long Leaf Straws		
Silver Bass, Quarter Sawed			
Pommes Persillade			
Rough Heart, Chipolatti			
Red Heart Punch			
Roast Red Wood Knots, Sur Canape			
Seed Ticks, a la Francaise	Prime Pommes		
Tomatoes and Lettuce			
Frozen Pitch Pocket			
Pine Slabs	Culls	Stinkers	
Axle Grease	Turpentine		
Dry Martini	Haut Sauterne	Apollinaris	Ropes

When the cravings of the inner cat had been satisfied, B. A. Johnson, Hoo-Hoo No. 2, and Seer of the House of Ancients, took the floor as toastmaster. Mr. Johnson first paid an apt tribute to the management of the Hotel Bentley and its enterprising proprietor, Mr. J. A. Bentley, of the Enterprise Lumber Company, and then introduced J. S. Bonner, of Houston, ex-Snark of the Universe. Mr. Bonner entertained the banqueters with a humorous talk and a rendition of one of his famous "negro sermons." Mr. Bonner was followed by Ben F. Roberts, Joseph Friedlander and others, who uncorked postprandial oratory and other forms of entertainment.

Of the two members of the House of Ancients who were present on that occasion Brother G. H. Cambree says:

On this occasion we had the honor, as well as the pleasure, of the presence of two noted members of our Order, who deserve special mention. The first, with a big round, smiling countenance and prominent moustache resembling the bright, full (?) moon with two comets passing over its face and going in different directions, is our well beloved brother No. 2. I refer to him by number only because he signs his name in such a conglomerated way that no man with less ability than a

scholar of ancient languages could ever read it correctly. He is a jolly good fellow just the same and the best known Hoo-Hoo in our land. The second, No. 5294, late Snark of the Universe, was with us; that's all. Every Hoo-Hoo who has ever met him knows just what I would say.

Snark, B. A. Johnson; Senior Hoo-Hoo, Edward Schwartz; Junior Hoo-Hoo, J. S. Bonner; Bojum, A. M. Grayson; Scrivener, Ben F. Roberts; Jabberwock, J. A. Campbell; Custocattan, Gld Bain; Arcanoper, H. H. Furby; Gurdon, W. S. Launstein.

- 23004 Camille Joseph Ahee, New Orleans, La.; travelling salesman Reliance Machinery Supply Company.
- 23005 Evan Bell Allan, Briceland, La.; vice president Hiram J. Allen Lumber Company.
- 23006 Joseph Capers Baker, Danville, La.; assistant manager mill No. 2 Hule-Hodge Lumber Company, Hodge, La.
- 23007 Otho Hopkins Ball, Pollock, La.; assistant sales manager J. F. Ball & Bro. Lumber Company.
- 23008 Luther Broadgus, Niagara Falls, N. Y.; traveling salesman Carborundum Co.
- 23009 Allan Brown, Good Pine, La.; assistant manager Good Pine Lumber Company.
- 23010 Daniel Alexander Brown, Alberta, La.; Blenville Lumber Company.
- 23011 Frederic Coleman Channell, Alexandria, La.; general manager Alexandria Lath Plant, E. W. Channell, Lake Charles, La.
- 23012 George Fletcher Cunningham, Alexandria, La.; special agent Lbr.'s Underwriting Alliance, Kansas City, Mo.
- 23013 Phillip Alonzo Dickerson, Manatee, La.; stockholder and sales agent Red River Hardwood Co., Alexandria, La.
- 23014 Bailey Jackson Evans, Bentley, La.; assistant manager Hart & Adams Lumber Company.
- 23015 Arthur Fort, Coldwater, La.; manager Louisiana Logging Company.
- 23016 Edgar "Sawdust" Freeman, Hodge, La.; travelling salesman Hule-Hodge Lumber Company.
- 23017 Kenneth Meeker Galenne, Lecompe, La.; manager Lecompe Lumber Company.
- 23018 Bell Tank Gallaher Trout, La.; manager logging department Trout Creek Lumber Company.
- 23019 Edward Everett Galligan, Forest Hill, La.; buyer and seller E. E. Galligan.
- 23020 John Alden Galoway, Bunkle, La.; timber buyer Hoshall & McDonald Bros., Bohn, La.
- 23021 Edwin Parker Gamewell, Yellow Pine, La.; assistant manager Globe Parker Lumber Company.
- 23022 William Franklin Goodnight, Manatee, La.; assistant manager Little River Lumber Company.
- 23023 James Walter Hatley, Alexandria, La.; commercial agent St. L. M. & S. Ry. and Mo. P. Ry., St. Louis, Mo.
- 23024 James T. Haynes, Coldwater, La.; vice president and general manager Lee Logging Company.
- 23025 Dawson Lee Killgore, Hodge, La.; sales department Hule-Hodge Lumber Company.
- 23026 Nicholas James McNutt, Turkey Creek, La.; manager and sales agent J. W. Russell.
- 23027 James Durwood Pennington, Manatee, La.; stockholder and assistant manager Red River Hardwood Lumber Company.
- 23028 William Scott Phelps, Pine Prairie, La.; manager and owner W. S. Phelps.
- 23029 Charles Ernest Purfoy, Ward, La.; sales department J. S. and Wm. Rice Lumber Company.
- 23030 John Jervis Sweetland, Ward, La.; assistant manager J. S. and Wm. Rice Lumber Company.
- 23031 Nicholas Clements Waggoner, Alexandria, La.; manager Alexandria office, McShane Lumber Co., Omaha, Neb.
- 23032 Rudolph Alvine Waltz, Alexandria, La.; purchasing agent Enterprise Railway Company.
- 23033 Theodore Larkin Watson, Selma, La.; tralle manager Grant Land and Lumber Company.
- 23034 Clyde Nicholson Williamson, Alberta, La.; Blenville Lumber Company.
- 23035 Franklin Madison Woody, Bohn, La.; manager of manufacturing department Hoshall & McDonald Bros.
- 23036 Wells Waynick Woody, Bohn, La.; assistant manager Hoshall & McDonald Bros.
- Concatenation No. 1546, Alexandria, La., April 21, 1903.

#### Everybody Was Happy.

There was a big time in Portland, Ore., when Vicegerent S. F. Owen held his concatenation, on April 23, which added 55 more good and tried and true men to the Order. The announcement of the concatenation, Kitten Kirmess, so they called it, was a unique one. It was a yellow folder poster of bill-board size, whatever it may be called, printed in red and black and got up in clever and witty style. The cartoons were good, the verse was good, the instruction to novices was good and the boys made good when the meeting was held. The following was called "Kulls for the Benefit of Kittens" and appeared around the cartoon of a young cat that had grown sadder, but wiser:

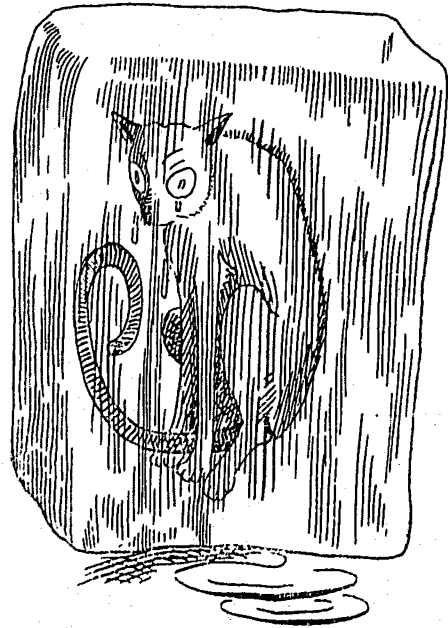
Don't get mad; it will make you look foolish, and later on you will be ashamed.



Don't get gay at the wrong time. There will a gay time during the proceedings and our Jabberwock will let you know when it is your turn to laugh.

Bring with you a stout pair of pants, a pure heart, and eleven-sixty-five. The first two may be dispensed with, but the latter—never.

Don't tell us how to run things. We were in the business when you were a boy.



Nuf Cud.

One of the cartoons appearing on the big folder sent out by Vicegerent S. F. Owen announcing his concatenation of April 23.

Don't get cold feet—our official chiropodist will be near you.

If your carburetor gets choked—call our osteopath; it's all included in the price.

Don't get mullish. There will be a substitute for you in that respect. Come expecting a joyous time, and if you don't have it, some one else will. We aim to teach unselfishness. Requests for all we've got are unnecessary, and should not be made. Save your breath for something that you won't get.

Don't feel disappointed if you ain't first among the chosen few. Reservations have been made for all, and if you can't get into the hammocks, it isn't the porter's fault.

Don't give the sign of distress—don't you think we can see your face?

Come expecting a good time—if you don't have it, we will.

Don't be conceited, and think you have more than others, but congratulate yourself that you have more than you deserve.

Remember that the man who wants the earth invariably gets it—when he dies.

Don't attempt to display your wit on this occasion. Ordinarily you might be the funniest man that ever came down the sluice, but the funny things have been arranged.

Don't exhibit your temper, for the exhibition is already planned. Remember that troubles are like baby kittens—they grow by nursing.

All your physical ailments will be carefully considered by the medical examiner, and you will be branded—but not where the public can see it.

Tell your wife that we have several cats that are single, and if we don't send you back we will send some one just as good. It will be a new brand, but there have been improvements since the old brand was made.

You'll be glad you have done it—after you have.

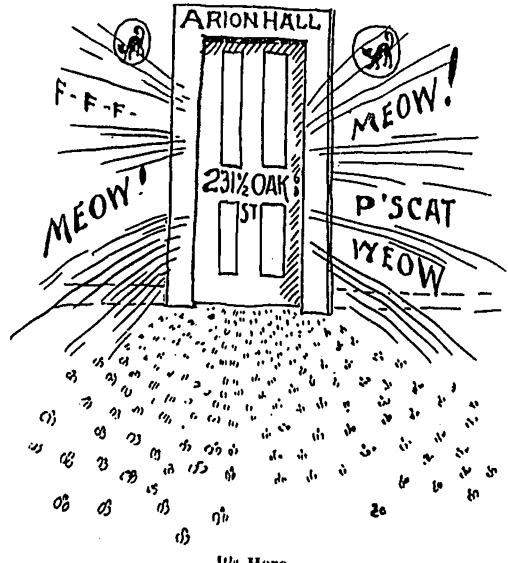
Don't fail to say "sufficient" when you have enough, for to him who hath, more shall be given, of them that has "gits."

Don't buy a return ticket—you may never go home on it.

Frank Cole acted as Junior and was ably assisted by Tom Shields as medical examiner and Cal Welbon as Jabberwock. This combination could not do otherwise than keep every one happy.

- 23037 Hollis Elbert Alger, Portland, Ore.; manager Alger Logging Company.
- 23038 Samuel Melvin Barnard, Vancouver, Wash.; assistant manager Pittecock & Leadbetter Lumber Company.
- 23039 Thomas Haylock Bell, South Bend, Wash.; manager Pacific Transportation Company.
- 23040 Edward Jacob Burkhardt, Portland, Ore.; Oregon Door Company.
- 23041 Roy Andrew Camp, Portland, Ore.; second assistant manager Marshall-Wells Hardware Company.
- 23042 George Henry Ceel, Portland, Ore.; assistant district forester Forest Service.
- 23043 Barnett James Clark, Seattle, Wash.; vice president Owen Dry Kiln Company.
- 23044 Thomas Edwin Cole, Portland, Ore.; office salesman J. E. Cameron.
- 23045 Roy Marion Cross, Portland, Ore.; secretary and manager Portland office Wendling Lumber Company, San Francisco, Cal.
- 23046 Perry Emigh, Portland, Ore.; timberman J. D. Lacey & Co.
- 23047 Herbert Valentine Eva, Portland, Ore.; mill supply salesman Marshall-Wells Hardware Company.
- 23048 William Blackstone Fechheimer, Portland, Ore.; owner Wm. Fechheimer.
- 23049 Rexford Root Gardner, Portland, Ore.; junior member McLeod & Gardner.
- 23050 Thomas S. Garrett, Portland, Ore.; manager Pacific Machinery Company.
- 23051 David Goodsell, Jr., Portland, Ore.; partner Goodsell Logging Company.
- 23052 Gerald Goodsell, Portland, Ore.; partner Goodsell Logging Company.
- 23053 William Elmore Gould, Lents, Ore.; salesman The Crane Co., Portland, Ore.

**8 PM "ALL IN",  
KITTEN KIRMISS  
HOO-HOO CONCATANATION APRIL 23**



It's Here.

Another of the cartoons appearing on the big folder announcing Vicegerent S. F. Owen's recent concatenation at Portland, Ore.

- 23054 Cleve J. Henry, Portland, Ore.; salesman mill supplies Marshall-Wells Hardware Company.
- 23055 John Patrick Keating, Portland, Ore.; sales manager Chas. K. Spaulding Logging Company.
- 23056 Edmund Cathcart King, Portland, Ore.; salesman Western Coöperage Company.
- 23057 Burt Persons Kirkland, Seattle, Wash.; forest supervisor U. S. Forest Service, Portland, Ore.

- 23058 Andrew Josephine Kroenert, Portland, Ore.; manager University Lumber and Shingle Company.
- 23059 George "Bridgeplank" McCarty, Portland, Ore.; purchasing agent Wheeler Lumber, Bridge and Supply, Company, Des Moines, Ia.
- 23060 James Edmund McCrea, Portland, Ore.
- 23061 George Lee McPherson, Portland, Ore.; partner Geo. L. & J. A. McPherson.
- 23062 Addis Lionel Meller, Aberdeen, Wash.; inspector for bureau of grades Pacific Coast Mfg. Assn., Oregon & Washington Mfg. Assn., and Southwestern Washington Mfg. Association.
- 23063 Thomas Chokerhook Meserve, Grays River, Wash.; manager and half owner Meserve Bros.
- 23064 Edward Charles Meyer, Westport, Ore.; superintendent Westport Lumber Company.
- 23065 Leonard Cromwell Miles, Portland, Ore.; salesman Crane Company.
- 23066 Everett Wesley Miller, Lents, Ore.; salesman Miller-Mowrey Lumber Company.
- 23067 Joseph C. Miller, Portland, Ore.; salesman E. C. Atkins & Co.
- 23068 Harrison McElroy Munger, Portland, Ore.; junior partner Tompkins & Munger, Hillsboro, Ore.
- 23069 Edgar Jonas Munnell, Portland, Ore.; secretary Nott-Atwater Co.
- 23070 James Thomas Murphy, St. Johns, Ore.; manager Modern Machine Works.
- 23071 Frank E. Myers, Portland, Ore.; manager Oregon Electrical Works.
- 23072 Frederick John Nelson, Portland, Ore.; manager Oregon Timber & Cruising Company.
- 23073 Howard Bleford Oakleaf, Portland, Ore.; assistant chief of products district G. Forest Service.
- 23074 Theodore Osmond, Oregon City, Ore.; timber buyer Hawley Pulp & Paper Company.
- 23075 Clyde Maurice Rogers, Portland, Ore.; sales manager F. C. Graham Lumber Company.
- 23076 Max Rothkugel, Portland, Ore.; forest assistant Forest Service.
- 23077 John Spencer Summons, Portland, Ore.; store salesman E. C. Atkins & Co.
- 23078 Barton Way Sawyer, Seattle, Wash.; traveling representative House of Hoo-Hoo.
- 23079 Clyde Rhodette Seltz, Eugene, Ore.; forest supervisor Forest Service.
- 23080 Joseph Seliger, Portland, Ore.; Joseph Seliger.
- 23081 Henry Ingalls Sound, Vancouver, Wash.; salesman Pittecock & Leadbetter Lumber Company.
- 23082 Ernest Walter Spencer, Portland, Ore.; Spencer Line.
- 23083 Donald McVaughton Stuart, Portland, Ore.; partner Stuart & Ferguson Timber Company.
- 23084 Lot Quimby Swetland, Portland, Ore.; president Swetland Building & Timber Company.
- 23085 George Chandler Tichenor, Portland, Ore.; official secretary Oregon Door Company.
- 23086 Ora Francis Tipton, Portland, Ore.; secretary and treasurer F. L. Botsford Co.
- 23087 Henry C. Whittier, Portland, Ore.; partner Nelson & Whittier.
- 23088 Harry Egoft Williams, Portland, Ore.; W. C. Cameron.
- 23089 Andrew Joachim-Albrecht Carl Wolf, Portland, Ore.; machinery salesman Portland Iron Works.
- 23090 Frank Clemens Young, Portland, Ore.; manager Westside Lumber & Shingle Company.
- 23091 Lowell Adam Young, Portland, Ore.; superintendent Westside Lumber & Shingle Company.

**Wiping Out the Boundary Line.**  
The concatenation at Vancouver, B. C., held by Vicegerent P. D. Roe, which was called by the Vancouver papers the annual banquet of the Concatenated Order of Hoo-Hoo, was held on April 23, when over 100 Hoo-Hoo were present, and among this number some of the most prominent lumbermen in that section of the country. The speeches at the "Session-on-the-Roof" all touched on the international character of the assemblage, which was indeed remarkable. One of the Vancouver papers had the following to say of the "Session-on-the-Roof," which shows the good work that Hoo-Hoo is doing for friendship among lumbermen on both sides of the Canadian line:

Mr. P. D. Roe proposed the "King," a toast that was replied to by Mr. T. F. Paterson, who foresaw the day when North America would be one. As a British subject he did not know any people so friendly, so allied in blood as the Americans. He did not see why there should be any boundary line at all and he thought that in the future the whole Continent of America, from the Mexican Republic to the Arctic, would be one. Whether Canada would absorb the United States, or vice versa, he did not know.

Mr. Roe then proposed the "President of the United States," calling on Mr. T. Porter, of Portland, to reply. He did not feel able to talk about "Big Bill," sufficient, he was there! He, too, saw no border line; North America is already one; nor did he believe that war with Germany and England was inevitable, as the States were there, ever ready to help the Motherland.

Mr. A. Thompson was then called on by the president to sing, and chose "Though Death Be Nigh," which was vociferously encored.

Mr. Clark Evan then spoke, relating many most amusing anecdotes.

Mr. J. Hendry, who was the next speaker called on, pointed out that he was only "a kitten," whereas Mr. Hackett was an "old cat" (daughter). He would leave that gentleman to speechify.

Mr. J. W. Hackett had great pleasure in being there. He dwelt at length on the advantages of Freemasonry, etc. He believed that meetings such as these had good effect, and when the Seattle fair came on the B. C. Hoo-Hoo would all go over to the Seattle Hoo-Hoo House and help their friends at the fair.

Mr. Thompson then sang "Annie Laurie" and "Sailing, Sailing, Over the Ocean Main."

Mr. William E. Tytler, whom the president designated as the man who sent a million shingles to the States, said that that story was in the press, which always loved to multiply. As a matter of fact, B. C. manufacturers had only sent a small portion to the United States. Of a total of nine million shingles exported in 1907, British Columbia had exported less than four per cent. The newspaper story was probably an endeavor on the part of the press to remove the tariff, but he himself, did not think matters were ripe for such a move as yet. Canadians did not wish to see their timber ruined—but in the course of a few years they could meet the Americans on an even basis.

Mr. T. Cunningham, a native of British Columbia, was called on to speak for the allied interests. He pointed out how the supply houses were essentially an allied interest. Lumbermen were his friends; their interests his. He thought that nights such as this were good, as they established fellowships between supply man and mill man.

To speak on behalf of the transportation companies, Mr. W. P. Lockwood was called upon. He was in the habit of visiting British Columbia once a month and nine years ago he came for the first time in J. J. Hill's interests to British Columbia. This was the third occasion he attended a Hoo-Hoo meeting in Vancouver. Railway success, he said, depended greatly on forest products, and he was sorry these latter had not appreciated that fact more, as the controversy over rates demonstrated, but he expected a different policy in the future. Several lines were coming here to Vancouver, and he was assured Vancouver would have at least one, if not two, additional lines.

Speeches for "The Ladies" and "The Press" were made, and a telegram was sent to Mr. Moody, the veteran lumberman, wishing him a speedy recovery and conveying the respects of the assembled Hoo-Hoo.

Shark, P. D. Roe; Senior Hoo-Hoo, Abner Blair, Junior Hoo-Hoo, T. F. Paterson; Bojun, A. J. Hendry; Scrivenator, I. D. Smith; Jabberwock, M. M. Harrell; Custocatlan, L. E. Snell; Arcanoper, John Ross; Gurdon, W. C. Birdsall.

- 23092 Howard "Joint" Barker, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; manager planing mill branch E. H. Heaps & Co., Ltd.
- 23093 Cole W. Brandon, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; owner C. W. Brandon.
- 23094 Charles Edgar Broadbent, Everett, Wash.; general superintendent Weyerhaeuser Lumber Company.
- 23095 Alfred Herbert Burton, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; salesman A. J. Burton.
- 23096 James Farquhar Cameron, Harrison Mills, B. C., Can.; manager of Harrison branch Hat Portage Lumber Company, Winnipeg, Man., Can.
- 23097 Roland D. Craig, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; managing director Adams-Powell Timber Company, Ltd.
- 23098 Cyrus Minckler Flanders, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; yard superintendent and salesman E. H. Heaps & Co., Ltd.
- 23099 Henry Wornham Fraser, Victoria, B. C., Can.; sales manager Canadian Rubber Company.
- 23100 Samuel S. Hayes, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; president International Lumber & Shingle Company.
- 23101 John "Hastings" Hendry, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; general manager B. C. Mills Timber & Trading Co.
- 23102 Earl Drako Horton, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; superintendent and assistant manager Terminal Lumber & Shingle Company.
- 23103 Arthur E. Howard, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; traveling salesman Wood, Vallanc & Legget.
- 23104 Charles Edward Lang, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; general agent Northern Pacific Railway Company.
- 23105 George "Dockeye" McAfee, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; manager Anglo-American Lumber Company.

- 23106 William Edwin McCrum, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; salesman Vancouver Lumber Company.
- 23107 Albert Golden McKenney, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; manager Vancouver Rubber Company.
- 23108 John Hartley McLean, Port Moody, B. C., Can.; manager Port Moody Shingle Company.
- 23109 William Stephen McLean, New Westminster, B. C., Can.; superintendent Dominion Shingle Company.
- 23110 Joseph Vincent McNaulty, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; manager Hugh C. McLean Co., Ltd.
- 23111 Douglas MacPherson, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; partner MacPherson & Latzel.
- 23112 William Henry Morrison, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; salesman McLennan, McFeely & Co.
- 23113 Charles Andrew Nelson, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; store salesman Simonds Canada Saw Company.
- 23114 William Oscar Pinger, New Westminster, B. C., Can.; manager W. O. Pinger, Vancouver, B. C., Can.
- 23115 James Goodfellow Robson, New Westminster, B. C., Can.; owner J. G. Robson.
- 23116 James Louis Raesch, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; salesman A. J. Burton Saw Company.
- 23117 Percy Garrett Sills, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; manager Western Lumber & Shingle Company.
- 23118 Adam John Sloan, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; salesman E. H. Heaps & Co., Ltd.
- 23119 James I. Smith, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; superintendent B. C. M. Co.
- 23120 Sydney McCaughey Smith, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; salesman Vancouver Lumber Company, Ltd.
- 23121 Charles Edmund Strong, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; secretary A. R. Williams Machinery Company.
- 23122 Thomas Hilton Tait, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; salesman Dunlop Rubber Company.
- 23123 Issa Richard Turney, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; manager Bar & Anderson.
- 23124 William Ernest Tyler, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; member Can. Shingle Company.
- 23125 Fred Park Wilson, Vancouver, B. C., Can.; sales manager McLennan & McFeely.
- 23126 Robert John Younge, Montreal, Que., Can.; general sales manager The Canadian Rubber Company.
- Concatenation No. 1548, Vancouver, B. C., Can., April 23, 1909.

#### A Delightful Affair at Gurdon, Ark.

The concatenation held by Vicegerent Charles B. Barham, at Gurdon, Ark., on the night of April 24 was a delightful affair, despite the fact that only three men were initiated. A slip-up of some sort occurred in railroad connections and five of the candidates upon whom he had counted failed to arrive in time. Vicegerent Barham did not wait for them; having scheduled the concatenation for a certain hour he proceeded ex parte as to those who were late, and held a delightful meeting as stated.

The initiatory ceremonies were administered within fifty feet of the spot where the idea of Hoo-Hoo first took form seventeen years ago, a spot which will be marked by the Memorial Tablet upon which the House of Ancients is now supervising the work of the great Sculptor, Zolnay, of St. Louis.

Apropos Vicegerent Barham writes that when the delegation of those present at Hot Springs come down to Gurdon to attend the ceremony of dedicating this Memorial Tablet the Hoo-Hoo and lumbermen of Gurdon and vicinity will give them such an old-time barbecue as will fix in their minds forever one of the old customs of the South.

Snark, Chas. B. Barham; Senior Hoo-Hoo, L. P. Beidelman; Junior Hoo-Hoo, J. C. McGrath; Bojum, S. M. Willingham; Scribe, J. G. Greene; Jabberwock, A. S. Tidwell; Custodian, E. H. Loper; Arcanoper, S. S. Harris; Gurdon, C. O. Friebolt.

23127 Frank North Hall, Gurdon, Ark.; lumber buyer International Hardwood Lumber Company, St. Louis, Mo.

23128 William Carroll McCuller, Berne, Ark.; local salesman and office man Pennsylvania Lumber Company.

23129 John Alford Millen, Berne, Ark.; timber estimator and buyer Pennsylvania Lumber Company.

Concatenation No. 1549, Gurdon, Ark., April 24, 1909.

#### Good Concatenation at St. Louis.

Vicegerent E. L. Roederer held an excellent concatenation at St. Louis on the night of May 1, initiating five men. Though he reports some little disappointment over the number of his initiates, he says the function was a most

notable affair and was well attended, there being present fifty-five at the "Session-on-the-Roof," which in this instance preceded the initiation. Forty-six of those present remained throughout the initiatory ceremonies.

During the course of the banquet remarks were made by various members, among them Col. Jack P. Richardson, the Nestor among lumbermen of that city. In addition to this distinction Col. Jack is also an old-time Hoo-Hoo. He is a man who holds the sincere respect and esteem of all who know him, and the circle of his acquaintance is immense. The era of good feeling which prevailed at the banquet was further promoted to a greater extent by some interesting stories by Brothers Boeckler, Stafford and others.

Vicegerent Roederer counted on a minimum of twelve initiates, but some unavoidable matters came up that cut down his class. It was a good concatenation.

Snark, E. L. Roederer; Senior Hoo-Hoo, H. R. Swartz; Junior Hoo-Hoo, Jno. C. Emlg; Bojum, F. J. Porter; Scribe, G. W. Bright; Jabberwock, R. B. McConnell; Custodian, G. R. Gloor; Arcanoper, F. O. Stafford; Gurdon, J. B. Merdinhall.

23130 Harry Gardner Holden, St. Louis, Mo.; commercial agent Wabash Railroad.

23131 John "Bud" Kessler, St. Louis, Mo.; secretary Lumber Dealers Association.

23132 John Clifton Robertson, St. Louis, Mo.; assistant sales manager Hogg-Harris Lumber Company.

23133 Oscar H. Sample, St. Louis, Mo.; owner O. H. Sample.

23134 Moses Welton Taylor, Wood River, Ill.; superintendent yard Andrews & Crandal.

Concatenation No. 1550, St. Louis, Mo., May 1, 1909.

#### His First Concatenation.

Vicegerent A. W. Mallinson, of the Central District of Pennsylvania, held the first concatenation since his appointment as Vicegerent, at Williamsport on the night of April 30, bumping into the terrific storm that swept over the entire country about that time. The effect of this storm was to cut down the number of his initiates to seven, but it did not otherwise interfere with the success of the meeting or dampen the enthusiasm of those who took part. It was a most successful and enjoyable meeting. Vicegerent Mallinson expresses his indebtedness to Brother H. E. Olson for valuable assistance rendered. In the absence of Vicegerent Ben Currie, of Philadelphia, whose expected attendance was prevented by illness, and in the absence of Supreme Jabberwock Maurice W. Wiley, of Baltimore, who had also been expected, Brother Olson was the only old-time and experienced member present. With this assistance Vicegerent Mallinson was amply equal to the occasion and the meeting passed off most pleasantly.

Snark, A. W. Mallinson; Senior Hoo-Hoo, C. W. Sones; Junior Hoo-Hoo, H. E. Olson; Bojum, David Folmer; Scribe, Geo. N. Harder; Jabberwock, Frank B. Lundy; Custodian, F. J. Campbell; Arcanoper, Jas. H. Link; Gurdon, Jno. A. Lannert.

23135 William Herbert Crockett, Williamsport, Pa.; partner Perley & Crockett Lumber Co., Jennings, W. Va.

23136 Girard F. Hagenbuch, Williamsport, Pa.; partner Campbell & Hagenbuch, Asaph, Pa.

23137 Albert Harrison Harris, Williamsport, Pa.; general Superintendent James B. Weed & Co., Slate Run, Pa.

23138 William Carroll Riley, Williamsport, Pa.; manager Valley Iron Works.

23139 John Edward Rothfuss, Williamsport, Pa.; manager Rothfuss-Howard Iron Works.

23140 Andrew Sartoria Schuler, Williamsport, Pa.; salesman Central Pennsylvania Lumber Company.

23141 John Ignatius Stopper, Williamsport, Pa.; secretary and treasurer Williamsport Planing Mill Company.

Concatenation No. 1551, Williamsport, Pa., April 30, 1909.

#### Nine More for Arkansas.

Nine playful kittens saw the light of day at the Hoo-Hoo concatenation held at Little Rock on May 1. The concatenation was conducted under the direction of Vicegerent

#### A Corner in Biography.

Charles Barton Barham (No. 17272.)

Vicegerent Charles B. Barham, whose recent concatenation at Gurdon, Ark., within a few feet of where the idea of Hoo-Hoo first originated seventeen years ago, was born in Nevada County, Ark., October 10, 1870. He lived with his parents on a farm until 17 years old, at which time he went on the road selling Arkansas real estate. He followed this occupation for about three years, and was married December 3, 1890. He then sought employment in the lumber business and worked in all capacities in yellow pine saw-mills, from shoveling sawdust to general manager and owner. He was in the manufacturing end of the yellow pine lumber business until January 1, 1907, since which time he has been doing a lumber brokerage business in hardwoods and yellow pine, and also doing a real estate business.

Vicegerent Barham is the man behind "Gurdon Water," and has an abiding faith in the efficacy of the medicinal properties of that beverage. He says he has proof in his own house of its curative powers and that he can satisfy



CHARLES B. BARHAM, GURDON, ARK.

anybody of its merits. He promises to supply an unlimited amount of this water to all those who attend the Annual Meeting at Hot Springs and come down to the memorial dedication ceremonies at Gurdon.

#### Hymeneal.

Brother T. W. Griffiths, Jr., of Dallas, Texas, who is as widely known to the lumbermen and Hoo-Hoo of that state as any man in its confines, was married at the Second Presbyterian Church, Germantown, Pa., on Saturday, April 24, to Miss Eva Dermine Lavino, of that city, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Lavino.

After an extended bridal tour the young couple will be at home at 427 McKinney Avenue, Dallas, Texas. Hundreds of friends will extend sincere congratulations to Brother Griffiths on the good fortune that has come to him.

J. H. Carmichael, of Little Rock, who was assisted by Vicegerent E. C. Lippman, of Tupelo, Ark., and about thirty old Hoo-Hoo, who gave the new candidates "all that was coming to them." Following the concatenation a "Session-on-the-Roof" was held at Forster's Cafe, and several pleasant hours were spent by those who were fortunate enough to be present. Short talks were made by both members and initiates, and plans for the coming annual at Hot Springs were discussed over the tempting Dutch luncheon which had been prepared for the occasion.

Snark, J. H. Carmichael; Senior Hoo-Hoo, E. C. Lippman; Junior Hoo-Hoo, J. C. McGrath; Bojum, O. T. Wingo; Scribe, E. L. Rodgers; Jabberwock, F. K. Darragh; Custodian, W. W. Taylor; Arcanoper, J. G. Greene; Gurdon, A. F. Worcester.

23142 Raymond Otis Bone, Little Rock, Ark.; salesman Thos. Cox & Sons Machinery Co.

23143 Arthur Bentley Cox, Little Rock, Ark.; secretary, treasurer and salesman Thos. Cox & Sons Machinery Co.

23144 Alfred Barnes Cushing, Pine Bluff, Ark.; salesman Sawyer & Austin Lumber Company.

23145 John Driscoll, Perry, Ark.; owner and manager John Driscoll.

23146 William Michael Drumm, Chicago, Ill.; southern manager Griffen H. Deeves.

23147 Charles House Jackson, Little Rock, Ark.; assistant general freight agent Missouri Pacific Railway.

23148 Charley Neel Lemon, Little Rock, Ark.; salesman Thos. Cox & Sons Machinery Company.

23149 Wesley Marvin Pope, Memphis, Tenn.; manager Memphis office Southern Lumberman, Nashville, Tenn.

23150 William Jefferson Thrasher, Malvern, Ark.; secretary and assistant manager N. A. Webster Lumber Co.

Concatenation No. 1552, Little Rock, Ark., May 1, 1909.

#### Personal Mention.

Brother W. H. Heffelfinger, formerly located at Hambleton, W. Va., has located at Tellico Plains, Tenn., where he is connected with the Tellico River Lumber Company, one of the concerns in which are interested E. V. Babcock & Co., the well known lumbermen of Pittsburg. Brother Heffelfinger made the change on April 1.

Walter T. Strong, heretofore representing on the road the Paraffine Paint Company, of San Francisco, Cal., has gone back to his first love, the lumber business. He has formed a partnership with Brother D. A. Hamilton, and has established a strictly wholesale lumber business at Minneapolis in the Lumber Exchange. Brother Strong was in the lumber business five or six years ago. Brother Hamilton is a well known lumberman, especially well known to the trade throughout Colorado, Nebraska and other of the western prairie states.

Brother A. W. Echart, sales manager of the Blackwell Lumber Company, of Coeur d'Alene, Ida., sends us a beautifully illustrated edition of the Coeur d'Alene Evening Press containing an extensive writeup of several Idaho towns. Idaho seems to be undergoing a marvelously industrial and commercial development, and this edition of the Coeur d'Alene daily paper is a fitting expression of it. This particular edition is labeled "Coeur d'Alene Indian Reservation Edition," but there is little in it suggestive of the primitivity of the noble red man. It all goes to show to what extent the noble red man has been dispossessed and his place taken by a virile race of white men who are converting the wilderness into a country of prosperous towns and splendid cities. The lumber industry comes in for a goodly amount of attention, a handsome two-page birds-eye view of the plant and yards of Brother Echart's company being presented. Some of the views of the scenery near Coeur d'Alene are striking in their magnificence.





Wornack, K. E. 19368	Yeager, O. E. 7354	Young, C. A. 13695	Young, J. W. 17412	Zimmerman, F. P. 16252
Wright, N. B. 6006	Yeager, F. G. 11554	Young, T. C. 7302	Young, F. T. 22571	Zoucks, T. A. 15757
Wright, C. H. 14463	Yerian, Walter 21110	Young, J. F. 18565	Zahl, W. J. 3475	Zwight, M. J. 15637
Wright, E. B. 770	Yeagerline, W. F. 10002	Young, T. E. 12723	Zernas, S. H. 20893	Zelnicker, J. H. 4966
Yates, W. H. 4801	Yost, J. H. 16029	Young, A. L. 15655	Zetterberg, Otto 16112	Zindel, Wm. 16125

### Exposition Notes.

The Fisheries Exhibit of the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition is located directly back of the main Government Building, and the two are connected by covered hallways. The exhibit is as complete in every detail as can be assembled, and shows every specimen of salt and fresh water fishes known. The floor space of this building exceeds in area that of any previous exposition, and this is none too extensive to accommodate the numerous exhibits.

In the center of the building is placed a pool of salt water having a fountain in the center, and in this is displayed a herd of fur seals. The southern half of the building is lined with aquariums of salt water, and in these are shown the various specimens of sea fishes, crustacea and mollusk. The northern half contains aquariums of fresh water specimens of fish life covering every variety found in the waters of the American continent.

All aquariums are built of heavy Belgian glass and are one and one-half inches in thickness. The water is kept constantly pure by means of circulating pumps, and fresh air is continuously forced through the tanks by powerful pumps, and distributed evenly by being driven through basswood plugs.

In display cases arranged about the room are shown specimens of every article used or connected in any way with the fishing industry. This shows models of all classes of boats and fishing craft; the various hooks, spears, rods, nets and traps and all devices in use in every part of the world. The implements employed in the capture of whale, shark and the fur-bearing animals of the northern waters are shown by working examples.

The method of fish propagation, from the removal of the egg to its hatching and maturity, is conducted. Two hatching troughs will demonstrate the salmon and trout hatching, and one is devoted to shad, perch, bass and similar fresh water varieties. The intention of the fisheries exhibit has been to present a correct and concise demonstration of every phase of sea and inland water life, its wonderful variety and great possibilities. The exhibit has accomplished this completely.

In the way of construction, the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition is now finished. All work of magnitude is accomplished and the installation of exhibits will be completed by the middle of May.

Foreign exhibitors have rushed their collections, and for promptness are not behind their American competitors. The republics of the American continent and the countries of the Orient were among the first to complete exhibits and be ready for the opening day, the first of June.

The Philippines Building was the first of the Government group to be finished, and the collection of exhibits made a full cargo for the transport "Dix." Within a week from its arrival the entire display was in position and complete in every detail. This exhibit from the newest country under the American flag gives a splendid showing of the products, manufactures and people of the Malay Archipelago. It has been assembled principally through the efforts of the War Department, and the work has been energetically aided by the insular authorities and individual enterprise.

In the Hawaiian Building is gathered examples of everything grown or made in the islands. One of the interesting exhibits is found in the reproduction of the "Para-

dise of the Pacific," and this is represented by facsimiles of each island in paper-mache, floating in a lake of water. In this is shown the group, just as they appear in making land on the trans-Pacific voyage, and all the beautiful natural scenic conditions are depicted.

Another attractive feature of the Hawaiian exhibit is the display of island fruits and flowers. In this department every variety of fruit grown in the islands is shown in profusion, and by reason of the nearness of Hawaii to Seattle, it is presented in excellent condition. The Pineapple Growers Association has a display conducted on the generous lines for which the islands have long been famed. In this a field of growing pines is used, and this shows the fruit growing under favorable temperature and highly cultivated.

In the Pay Streak, every form of amusement of high class is found. Every foot of the curved avenue, from the main gates to the shores of Lake Union, is lined with attractive buildings in which are conducted the leading spectacular and entertaining novelties of the day. In this feature, great care has been exercised in the selection of concessions, and there is not one single objectionable feature in the entire list.

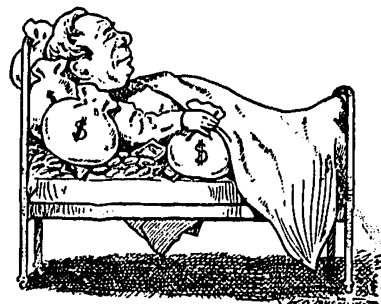
### Dues for 1900.



WHEN the clock struck twelve on the night of September 9 last, dues became payable for 1900. The Hoo-Hoo year begins and ends on September 9. Look up your receipts, and if you find that you have not paid 1900 dues, send \$1.65 to the Scribe at once. Any form of remittance will do except stamps that are stuck together. Your individual check will be all right.

### Prohibitive Price.

Wilbur Wright, on the broad, green plain of his school of aviation at Pau, talked about his early struggles. "We had in those Dayton days," said he, "wonderful offers, magnificent promises, but when it came to the actual laying down of money, then gloom descended on the scene. Our friends, with their mouths full of millions and their quite empty hands, reminded me of a Dayton barber. This barber said one day as he shaved me. 'That's a fine pup of Simmon's. I'd give anything for it.' 'Well, it's for sale, isn't it?' said I. The barber burst into sneering laughter. 'Oh, yes, it's for sale,' said he, 'but do you know what Simmon's wants for it? Why, \$2!'"—*Kansas City Star.*



REFLECTING ON HIS MONEY.

### Obituary.

#### Ferdinand Benz (No. 2046.)

Death's second call from the ranks of Hoo-Hoo in Pittsburgh during the month of April was for Brother Ferdinand Benz, of the firm of L. Benz & Bro. His death occurred at the old Benz homestead, 125 S. Twelfth Street, and in his death Hoo-Hoo loses one of its most influential members of Western Pennsylvania.

Brother Benz was born in 1851, in Pittsburg, where he has always resided. Since the death of his father, Landolin Benz, he has been the head of the firm, which was one of the largest building and contracting companies in that city, and many of the handsome churches and public buildings were the work of his firm. Brother Benz was one of the founders of the Builders' Exchange and was Vice President of the German Savings & Deposit Bank and a director of the First National Bank. He is survived by four brothers, Lawrence, John, Joseph and Henry Benz, and one sister, Miss Annie Benz. Brother Benz was initiated into the Order on June 22, 1894.

#### Richard W. Moore (No. 2710.)

Brother Richard W. Moore, a member of the firm of J. M. Hastings Lumber Company for twenty-nine years, died at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Moore, at 613 First Street, Pittsburg, on April 19 after a brief illness. His death was due to pneumonia. Brother Moore was 48 years of age, having been connected with the Hastings Lumber Company during his entire business career. Brother Moore was unmarried and is survived by his parents, five sisters and two brothers. He was initiated into Hoo-Hoo January 22, 1895, at Cincinnati, Ohio.

#### Wm. C. Blauvelt (No. 5602.)

Brother Wm. C. Blauvelt, of the Cornell Box & Lumber Company, died at his home in Atlanta on April 13 after a brief illness. His death was due to a stroke of paralysis received about two weeks before the summons came. Brother Blauvelt was an enthusiastic Hoo-Hoo, having joined the Order many years ago at Cairo, Ill. He was popular throughout the entire Gate City, where he was a member of a number of fraternal orders. He was survived by his wife and one daughter, who have the sympathy of Hoo-Hoo in their bereavement. Brother Blauvelt was buried with Masonic honors, Gate City Lodge No. 2 conducting the ceremonies.

#### Howard D. Barker (No. 14544.)

Brother Howard D. Barker of the Frank Machinery Co., of Buffalo, N. Y., died at his home in that city on April 22. Many Hoo-Hoo attended the funeral services in response to a call issued by Vicegerent Frank A. Beyer. Brother Barker was born at Hartford, Conn., on June 23, 1854, and was initiated into the Order of Hoo-Hoo at Buffalo on April 25, 1905.

#### Frank Chester (No. 18221.)

Brother Frank Chester, of Graysonia, Ark., connected with the Grayson-McLeod Lumber Company, died at Arkadelphia, Ark., on April 25. His remains were carried to Little Rock, where they were interred in Mount Holly Cemetery. In announcing Brother Chester's death Brother George Ritchie pays him as high compliment as could be paid to any man. He says:

"From an acquaintance covering nearly eighteen years, and in positions where he could be tried out thoroughly, I can say that he was certainly a true and square man."

Brother Chester was well known throughout the state of Arkansas in the lumber fraternity and among the number counted many warm personal friends. Brother Chester was a native of England, having been born at Dover in 1855.

#### Mrs. Wallace W. Everett.

Painful news comes from San Francisco of the death there on April 9 of the wife of Brother Wallace W. Everett, ex-Vicegerent for two terms, and ex-Junior Hoo-Hoo on the Supreme Nine. Mrs. Everett died after a brief illness from an attack of bronchitis following in grippe. Hundreds of friends in Hoo-Hoo will learn of this with deep regret.

#### Edward S. Parmely (No. 20812.)

Brother Edward S. Parmely died in the hospital at Albuquerque, New Mexico on May 7, only a few days after arriving there from Chicago. Brother Parmely was traveling as salesman for the Hartmann-Neubert Lumber Company, of Des Moines, Iowa, when he began to show symptoms of tuberculosis during the month of February following a severe cold. He was not alarmed at his condition and even after consulting physicians at Des Moines, who hinted at the possible seriousness of the attempt, he insisted on returning to work. This was against the advice of his employers, but he continued to travel until April 9 when becoming much worse he hastened to Chicago for medical examination. The doctors told him that it would be necessary for him to at once seek a better climate. Through the assistance of the members of the firm with which he had been connected, and through the assistance of Brother R. L. Andres, representing the Kirby Lumber Company, of Chicago, all of whom exhibited the proper Hoo-Hoo spirit of brotherhood, arrangements were speedily made for Brother Parmely's removal to Albuquerque, N. M., and for his comfortable establishment in one of the retreats there. He arrived at Albuquerque early in May, much exhausted from the long trip, and almost at the point of death. He rallied somewhat, however, and on May 5 was able to wire Brother Andres as follows: "I am sitting up today and feeling better."

Two days later came the news of his death. His remains have been brought back for interment at his home at Sumner, Iowa.

#### Eloy Nahum Heath (No. 2464.)

Brother Eloy N. Heath, a prominent citizen of Wakefield Junction, Mass., died very suddenly April 21 of heart failure at his home, 617 Main Street. Although Brother Heath had been in poor health for two weeks nothing serious was anticipated and his sudden death was a great surprise not only to his folks, but to the townspeople generally.

Brother Heath was a native of New Hampshire and was born at Springfield, May 10, 1851, the son of Leonard and Sally (Morgan) Heath. He was educated in the public schools of that place and at an early age came to Boston. For 28 years he held a responsible position with the S. A. Woods Machine Company, of Boston, leaving there four years ago to accept the position of eastern agent of the H. B. Smith Machine Company, of Smithville, N. J.

About thirty years ago Brother Heath chose Wakefield as his home and for the past 22 years has lived in the house where he died. September 29, 1886, he married Geneva Joy Lord, who survives him.

After the purchase of the municipal light plant in 1894, Brother Heath was elected to the light board and served four years, first as secretary and later as chairman of the board. He was also for many years a member of the finance committee. He has also served the town on many other important committees.

Brother Heath has been a great traveler a wheel and otherwise. He was an eloquent speaker and only last week, Friday, lectured on "A Trip to Washington" in the town hall, under the auspices of the class of 1908, W. H. S., illustrating the same with stereopticon views made from photos taken by him while on the trip.





"I have just caught A. Mouse, your honor," said Police-  
man Van Cleave, when he arraigned a husky prisoner before  
Magistrate Dooley in a Brooklyn Police Court.

"What are you bringing it here for?" asked the busy judge  
without looking up from his papers. "Why don't you get a  
cat?"

"But this ain't that kind of a mouse," said Van Cleave.  
"This is a human mouse. I arrested him for blocking traffic  
on Myrtle Avenue."

"A mouse blocking traffic?" mused the magistrate, glance-  
ing at the prisoner for the first time. "That's a new one on  
me. He's a well-fed mouse, too. What's your name young  
man?"

"Albert Mouse."

"Where's your nest?"

"No. 219 Central Avenue."

"Any little mice?"

"Three," laughed the big mouse.

"Half a hundred angry drivers were cursing him," said the  
policeman, "and when I arrived he was the most frightened  
mouse you ever saw."

"You may go this time, mouse," said Magistrate Dooley,  
"but avoid such traps in the future."—New York Sun.

Secretary (writing advertisements)—Wanted, an intelli-  
gent young man, unmarried—  
Old Grouch—Leave out the "unmarried;" you said "intelli-  
gent," didn't you?—Argonaut.

Report by a young English schoolgirl of a lecture on  
"Phases of Human Life—Youth, Manhood and Age:" "In  
youth we look forward to the wicked things we will do when  
we grow up—this is the state of innocence. In manhood we do  
the wicked things of which we thought in our youth—this is  
the prime of life. In old age we are sorry for the wicked things  
we did in manhood—this is at the time of our dotage."—The  
Tablet.

#### Estate Lawyers Really Miss \$1.44.

Four men have been indicted and disbarment proceedings  
are asked against the prosecuting attorney at Ashland, Ohio,  
because of trouble in settling the estate of Mrs. Mary Freer,  
now dead eight years. After making special bequests she willed  
land and cash to form a Children's Home, providing that her  
living relatives should have control thereof during their lives.  
The estate thus bequeathed exceeded \$20,000. Two years ago  
George Ullman, a banker, filed a report, claiming expenses of  
\$18,363; attorney's fees of over \$9,557, and showing a residue  
of \$1.44 for the home.—Cincinnati (Ohio) Dispatch.

#### Ira's Contribution to the Party.

A number of young friends of William Kennedy gathered  
at his house in honor of his 15th birthday anniversary. A  
pleasant evening was enjoyed with numerous games and a  
few selected pieces which were played on the graphophone.  
Delicious refreshments were served, after which Ira Thompson  
fell down into the cellar, but fortunately was unhurt.—Point  
Pleasant (N. J.) Beacon.

On a birthday before they were married she gave him a  
book entitled "A Perfect Gentleman." On a birthday after the  
marriage she gave him a book entitled "Wild Animals I Have  
Met."—The Citizen.

#### With Jagged Teeth.

When Blowser in his Crimson Flyer  
Ran over Robert Blake,  
He punctured hopelessly a tire—  
Old Bob was such a rake!—  
—Harper's Weekly.

Hotel Clerk—Do you want a room with a bath?  
Uncle Hiram—Wa-al, no; I don't calculate I'll be here Sat-  
urday night.—Princeton Tiger.

"Was the son you sent away to college got his degree yet?"  
"I should say so. Why he wrote last week that the faculty  
had called him in and given him the third degree. That boy's  
ambitious."—Philadelphia Ledger.

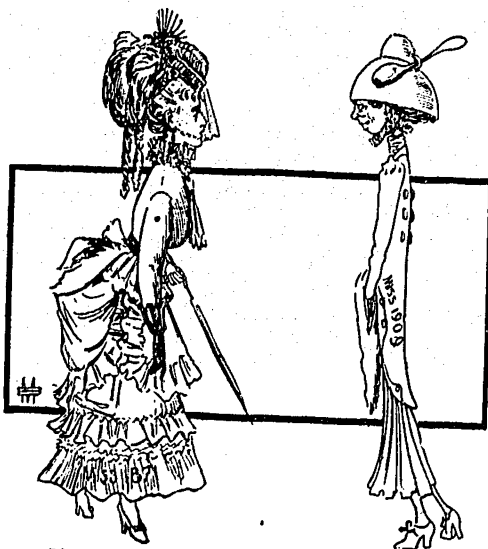
The Turkish trouble has at least succeeded in clearing up  
any lingering idea that Tewfik Pasha is a cigarette and Edhem  
Pasha a new brand of cheese. We live to learn.—Pleasune.

#### Kansas and Its High Winds.

Kansas is so noted for high winds that the Eldorado Re-  
publican makes this suggestion: "Should the wind blow your  
hat off, don't chase it. Raise your hand in the air and catch  
another."

Poet—Will you accept this poem at your regular rates?  
Editor—I guess so—it appears to contain nothing objec-  
tionable. Go to the advertisement department and ask them  
what the rates are. How many lines do you wish to have it  
inserted?—Cleveland Leader.

#### The Point of View.



Miss 1909—My gracious, child, what a frumpy-looking  
thing you are!

#### Heroes.

Jack Blinn may be a hero, but how about the man  
Who wrestles with the freight that's in the moving van?  
—Scranton (Pa.) Tribune.

"Now, children," commanded the austere instructor in ad-  
vanced arithmetic, "you will recite in unison the table of  
values." Thereupon the pupils repeated in chorus:

"Ten mills make a trust,  
"Ten trusts make a combine,  
"Ten combines make a merger,  
"Ten mergers make a magnate,  
"One magnate makes the money."—Wall Street Journal.

#### Horticulture Study.

Though men make fun of the fashion,  
As it changes from this unto that;  
They don't look so much at the basket  
As they do at the peach in the hat.  
—Town Topics.

Mexicans have a nice, delicate way of saying even unpleas-  
ant things. A lawyer in Mexico writes, politely, of a certain  
senor: "I have written to Senor — about the documents,  
and I am waiting his reply. He has not answered, although  
there has been plenty of time. I hear he is in jail, and that,  
of course, handicaps him to some extent."—Argonaut.

## CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS.

At every annual meeting the discussion in the business  
sessions has developed the fact that a very large percentage  
of the members of the Order are entirely unfamiliar with  
the Constitution and By-laws. At the Oklahoma City Annual  
Meeting consideration of this fact led to the adoption of a  
suggestion that hereafter the Constitution and By-laws of  
the Order be printed in every issue of The Bulletin.

### CONSTITUTION.

#### ARTICLE I—Name.

Section 1. The name of this organization is the Concate-  
nated Order of Hoo-Hoo.

#### ARTICLE II—Object.

Section 1. The object of the Order is the promotion of the  
Health, Happiness and Long Life of its members.

#### ARTICLE III—Membership.

Section 1. It being the purpose of this Order to gather  
together in fraternal relations people engaged in lumber trade,  
membership in this Order shall be limited to white male persons  
over the age of twenty-one years, of good moral character,  
who possess one or more of the following qualifications:

First—They shall be so engaged, either in the ownership  
or sale of timber lands, timber or logs, or the manufacture or  
sale of lumber at wholesale or retail as that it shall be their  
main or principal occupation, and that it shall be the business  
which is recognized in the community in which they reside  
as their vocation. There shall not be admitted under this  
paragraph bookkeepers, stenographers, clerks, inspectors, saw-  
terprises. It is the intent and meaning of this section that  
every application from a person who does not come clearly and  
without question within the provisions of the first paragraph  
of this limitation, must be referred by the Vicegerent Snark  
to the Snark and Scrivener with a full statement of all facts  
bearing on the case before any action shall be taken thereon.

Second—Newspaper men. By this term being meant only  
the publishers, proprietors, or persons regularly connected with  
newspapers.

Third—Railroad men. By this term being meant only gen-  
eral officers, general and assistant freight, passenger and claim  
agents, purchasing agents, commercial traveling, soliciting and  
contracting freight (not station agents). This means the of-  
ficials of railroads who come in contact with the patrons of  
the road. It does not mean office assistants, clerks, secretaries  
or collectors.

Fourth—Saw-mill machinery men. By this term being  
meant persons engaged in the manufacture or sale to lumber  
manufacturers of saw-mill or planing mill machinery.

Fifth—Only such persons as come strictly within the limi-  
tations above made are eligible for membership in the Order,  
and such persons may be initiated under proper application,  
payment of initiation fee and election to membership and ini-  
tiation as provided by the ritual of the Order. Membership  
shall be limited to 99,999 living members in good standing.

Sec. 2. Each applicant for membership shall fully fill out  
the final application blank. This application must not be voted  
on until a certificate thereon has been indorsed by two mem-  
bers of the Order in good standing. The application shall be  
balloted on collectively. In case the ballot is not clear a sec-  
ond ballot shall be had, and if two or more black balls be cast  
the ballot shall be had by sections until a final result. In case  
two black balls be cast the applicant shall be rejected. Any  
applicant rejected shall not be balloted on again within six  
months of the date of his rejection.

Sec. 3. If any Vicegerent shall knowingly or by culpable  
negligence admit to the initiatory ceremonies of the Order any  
person not legally entitled to same under the provisions of this  
article, he shall, upon due proof thereof to the Snark and  
Scrivener, be removed from his office by the Snark, and, in  
the discretion of the Supreme Nine, if the violation be flag-  
rant, be expelled from the Order; and any member of the Or-  
der who shall sign the certificate on any application herein  
referred to, if the facts stated in such application with refer-  
ence to the present business interests of the applicant are not  
true, shall, upon due proof thereof submitted to the Scrivener,  
be expelled by the Supreme Nine. It shall be no defense that  
the member was deceived into signing the certificate. Any  
member endorsing certificate on an application for member-  
ship must know of his own personal knowledge the truth of  
the facts to which he certifies.

Sec. 4. Whenever a removal or suspension shall be made  
in accordance with the provisions of this article, the Scrive-  
ner shall immediately bulletin the fact to every member of  
the Order in good standing.

Sec. 5. This Order retains the ownership of every hand-  
book and button issued to its members, such being furnished  
only for the proper and legitimate use of the members in ac-  
cordance with the Constitution, By-laws and Ritual of the  
Order. Whenever any member, to whom such property is fur-  
nished, ceases, either by suspension or expulsion, to be en-  
titled to the benefits and privileges of the Order, the right is  
hereby reserved to demand and enforce the return of the same  
to the Scrivener.

Sec. 6. The handbook shall be issued between the first of  
February and the first of April each year and shall be sent  
only to members who have paid dues for the preceding year.

Sec. 7. The initiation fee shall be \$9.99, which, together  
with the current year's dues, must accompany the application.

The annual dues shall be one dollar and sixty-five cents (\$1.65),  
of which amount sixty-six cents (66 cents) shall be applied as  
an annual subscription to The Bulletin.

Sec. 8. Honorary membership in this Order may be granted  
upon application filed with the Scrivener by the Vicegerent  
of the state within which the applicant resides; provided, that  
such application shall be endorsed by nine members of the Or-  
der in good standing; the honorary membership fee shall be  
\$99.99, and shall accompany the application; and no further  
fees, dues, or assessments of any nature shall be levied on  
such membership. The honorary members shall be required to  
take the first obligation in the Ritual, but no further initiatory  
ceremonies shall be necessary.

Sec. 9. Life membership in this Order may be granted  
upon application by any one eligible under the Constitution at  
a regular meeting, upon payment of \$33.33, and no further  
dues or assessments of any nature shall be levied on such mem-  
ber. Life members shall be entitled to all rights and privileges  
of Hoo-Hoo. They shall be required to take the first obliga-  
tion in the Ritual, but no further initiatory ceremonies shall  
be necessary.

#### ARTICLE IV—Officers.

Section 1. The elective executive officers of the Order shall  
be Snark of the Universe, Senior Hoo-Hoo, Junior Hoo-Hoo, Ho-  
Jum, Scrivener, Jabberwock, Custodian, Argonoper and Gur-  
don. The above named officers shall constitute the Supreme  
Nine, and shall perform such duties as are prescribed in the  
Ritual and Constitution and By-laws of the Order.

Sec. 2. The above named officers shall be annually elected  
by a majority of the votes cast at the Hoo-Hoo Annual, by  
roll call of states, as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 3. In case of the death or resignation of an elective  
executive officer of the Supreme Nine shall have power to ap-  
point a successor who shall fill the unexpired term caused by  
such a vacancy.

Sec. 4. The appointive executive officers of the Order shall  
consist solely of Vicegerent Snarks. Each state of the United  
States or similar political grand division of any other civilized  
country having nine or more members shall be entitled to a  
Vicegerent Snark, the particular title of this officer to be Vice-  
gerent Snark plus the name of the foreign country or political  
grand division of this country which he represents.

Second—When in the judgment of the Supreme Nine the  
interests of the Order demand they may appoint two or more  
Vicegerent Snarks for any state, dividing the territory equi-  
tably for such purpose.

Third—Except as may be hereinafter provided, the juris-  
diction of Vicegerent Snarks shall be limited to the territory  
to which they are appointed, and to the conduct of the work  
of initiation (in the absence of the Snark) and for those pur-  
poses which may be necessary to the proper initiation of can-  
didates to exercise all the powers and execute all the duties of  
the Snark of the Universe.

Fourth—For the purpose of extending the growth of the  
Order the Supreme Nine shall attach to the territory of Vice-  
gerent Snarks such contiguous territory as may be without  
the requisite number of Hoo-Hoo to entitle it to a Vicegerent  
Snark; provided, that, when there shall be nine Hoo-Hoo with-  
in any such attached territory, they may petition the Supreme  
Nine for the appointment of a Vicegerent Snark. That officer  
having been chosen and installed by legal appointment, the  
authority of the first Vicegerent Snark shall cease by limita-  
tion, and without further provision than an official notifica-  
tion thus acquired shall be subject to redivision thereafter, as  
provided in Section 4 of this article.

Fifth—The Vicegerent Snark shall be appointed by the  
Snark of the Universe, by and with the consent and approval  
of the Supreme Nine, and shall serve until the next Hoo-Hoo  
day succeeding his appointment, or until his successor shall be  
appointed, unless removed for cause.

Sixth—The Supreme Nine shall cause to be issued to each  
Vicegerent Snark by the Snark of the Universe and Scrivener  
a warrant of authority, which shall explicitly define his  
powers and jurisdiction, this warrant to be accompanied by  
such instructions as it may deem wise. The Supreme Nine,  
through the same agency, shall have power to revoke such au-  
thority, and appoint such successor to fill the unexpired term.

Sec. 5. The judicial and advisory officers of the Order  
shall consist of the House of Ancients, a body originally in-  
stituted at the annual meeting of 1893, and made up of former  
Snarks of the Universe; each Snark, upon the successful termi-  
nation of his office in the Supreme Nine, to be given the title  
of "Past Snark," and to become a member of the House of  
Ancients. It being the duty of the Order to invest the Past  
Snark at that time with an emblematic ring as a token of re-  
gard from the Order and the badge of authority within the  
scope of these provisions.

Second—The chief officer of this body shall be entitled the  
"Seer of the House of Ancients," this office to be held by  
Dolling Arthur Johnson, the founder of the Order, his badge of  
rank—the Emblem of Revelation—a nine-pointed diamond star,  
to be worn by him until his death, and then transmitted as a  
legacy from him to the "House of Ancients." This emblem  
shall thereafter be worn by that member of the body who is  
chronologically the next living "Past Snark," the title of "The  
Seer of the House of Ancients" to descend, with the "Emblem  
of Revelation," in perpetuity—the emblem to be ever worn by  
succeeding Seers as a perpetual token of esteem for him through  
whom were transmitted the secret legends and traditions upon  
which the Order is founded; and there shall be neither fash-  
ioned or worn in Hoo-Hoo another emblem of like form, de-  
sign or import.

Third—It shall be the duty of the House of Ancients to  
act as a standing committee on Constitution and By-laws to  
digest and consider any proposed changes in the laws of Hoo-  
Hoo which may seem wise, may originate from that body or  
from any other source, it being the privilege of every active  
member of the Order to file with the House of Ancients any  
suggestions which may seem wise to him, it being the duty  
of the House of Ancients to report to each Annual Constat-  
tion any revision which it believes to be for the good of the  
Order.

Fourth—The House of Ancients shall constitute an Advisory Board to which the elective officers of the Order may refer any problems of constitutional policy upon which that body shall disagree, or for any other reason shall desire the cooperation of those who have held elective executive positions in the past, it being understood that questions so referred shall be settled by a joint vote of both bodies, the ruling to stand as law until the next Annual Concatenation, when all such joint procedures shall be referred to the concatenation assembled for a sustaining approval or veto; the decision of the Annual Concatenation to become final, unless otherwise determined by amendments to the Constitution, as hereinafter provided; this system to build up practical, initiative and referendum legislation.

Fifth—It shall be the duty of the House of Ancients to prepare and preserve the historical and archaeological lore of Hoo-Hoo, and it shall also be the custodian of the copyright of the Order, and entrusted with its care and protection from improper and unlawful uses.

Sixth—The members of the House of Ancients shall have power to conduct concatenations the same as any member of the Supreme Nine.

#### ARTICLE V—Supreme Nine.

Section 1. The Supreme Nine is vested with full authority to administer the affairs of the Order in accordance with its Ritual, Constitution and By-laws in the interim between the Hoo-Hoo annuals, and shall, through the Scrivenoter, make a full report of its doings to the Order at each annual meeting, and its action on any matter shall be subject to review at such meeting.

Sec. 2. The Osirian Cloister shall constitute the Upper Chamber of Hoo-Hoo, and all Vicegerent Snarks who shall have served one year in that capacity, and all ex-members of the Supreme Nine, may be eligible to membership therein. It shall be competent for the membership of the Cloister, under its own regulations, to prescribe rituals and initiatory ceremonies for the admission of its members; rules and regulations governing the business of the cloister, including the imposition of such fees and dues as may be found necessary; to regulate and enlarge the limits of eligibility by such vote as may be prescribed in its By-laws, and, if deemed advisable, to make alteration in the name under which the Cloister now exists. The Cloister shall perform the rite of embalming the retiring Snark preparatory to his incarceration in the House of Ancients.

Sec. 3. The Supreme Nine shall appoint regular times for meetings, and may hold such special meetings as may be required, provided that no special meeting shall be held unless notice thereof shall be given to each member at least one full day more than it would take him to reach the place of such meeting by the route necessary for him to travel, unless he shall in writing have waived his right to such notice; and when summoned by the Snark of the Universe and the Scrivenoter to attend any such special meeting, he shall be paid from the funds of the Order his necessary expenses for such meeting.

Sec. 4. No measure shall be passed by the Supreme Nine except upon the affirmative vote of five of its members.

#### ARTICLE VI—Meetings.

Section 1. Hoo-Hoo Day is the ninth day of the ninth month of the calendar year. On that day shall occur the regular annual business meeting of the Order, at a place to be selected by vote of the Order. In default of which it shall be selected by the Supreme Nine, the first session of which shall convene not later than the ninth minute after 9 o'clock p. m. of said day.

Sec. 2. The entire membership in each State in good standing shall be the basis for voting at the Hoo-Hoo Annual, and the vote of each state shall be divided pro rata among the members present from such state. States not represented at the annual shall have no vote.

Sec. 3. Every member of the Order should attend the meeting on Hoo-Hoo day if possible, or failing to be present, he must forward to the Scrivenoter, in time to be read at the meeting, a letter telling how Hoo-Hoo hath used him during the past year, or he must send a prepaid telegram giving his whereabouts, so that it may be known where every member of the Order is on that day.

Sec. 4. In the permanent record of Hoo-Hoo Day, the Scrivenoter shall note the attendance as follows:

First—Members deceased; for the loving memory of those who have gone beyond is always with us.

Second—Those who respond by letter or telegram.

Third—Those who are present in person.

Sec. 5. Concatenations are meetings held for the initiation of members, and no business shall be transacted thereat. Concatenations shall be held by the Vicegerent Snark of the state wherever six or more applicants are ready for initiation, and the Scrivenoter shall have forwarded to the Vicegerent Snark an authority blank signed by the Supreme Nine, authorizing the holding of such concatenations.

Sec. 6. At concatenations the Vicegerent Snark shall appoint members of the Order to fill the ritual stations of those members of the Supreme Nine who may not be present in person.

Sec. 7. The Snark of the Universe may hold concatenations anywhere upon the issuance of authority blanks, as may also any member of the Supreme Nine.

#### ARTICLE VII—Numbers.

Section 1. The general numbers of the members of the Order shall be assigned by the Scrivenoter in the rotation of concatenation numbers, and in the order concatenation reports may be received by him.

#### ARTICLE VIII—Suspension and Expulsion.

Section 1. Dues shall be payable on Hoo-Hoo Day for the year ensuing. The Scrivenoter shall issue as a receipt for dues

a special card, and no member shall be admitted to any meeting or concatenation, after January 1, 1909, who does not present such certificate. Members shall be delinquent for unpaid dues on the Hoo-Hoo day succeeding that on which dues become payable. Within thirty-three days after Hoo-Hoo Day, the Scrivenoter shall send notice to each delinquent member, notifying him that in thirty-three days thereafter he will be suspended, if such dues are not paid; and if dues be not paid within the thirty-three days, he shall be placed on the suspended list, and such list shall be published to all Vicegerents.

Sec. 2. When the Scrivenoter sends out the notices, herein provided for, he shall prepare a list of those to whom it is sent in each Vicegerency and transmit the same to the Vicegerent Snark, who shall adopt such means to secure the collection of such dues as he may see fit, rendering his account for the expense incident thereto to the Scrivenoter.

Sec. 3. Suspended members may be reinstated upon the payment of back dues, the amount to be paid not to exceed 35 of delinquent dues, upon the approval of the Vicegerent of the state in which such member lives, or on the approval of the Scrivenoter of the Order.

Sec. 4. If any member of this Order shall violate its Constitution, By-laws or Ritual, or engage in any unlawful or disreputable business, or in any manner bring public shame or disgrace to this Order or its membership, he may be suspended or expelled only in the following manner: There shall be filed with the Scrivenoter a written statement of the offense charged, signed by the member making the charge and verified under oath, and supported by such affidavits of other persons as he may desire to present, together with a copy of the same. The Scrivenoter shall file the original and transmit the copies to the accused by registered mail, without the name signed thereto, which shall be furnished by the Scrivenoter on demand if defense is made. The accused shall have thirty-three days after the receipt of the charges made in which to make answer, which shall be prepared under oath, and may consist of the statement of others as well as himself. When the Scrivenoter shall have received the answer of the accused, he shall transmit a copy of all the papers in the case to each member of the Supreme Nine, who shall determine the innocence or guilt of the defendant, and in case of conviction fix such penalty as they may deem proper.

In case the accused shall not make answer, within the time herein prescribed, he shall stand suspended until such answer shall be filed.

If any member shall make a false or malicious charge against another member, he shall be subject to suspension or expulsion by the Supreme Nine, and in any case in which the accused may be acquitted the burden of proof shall be upon the complainant to show that he acted in good faith in the acquittal shall result from a failure to prove the facts alleged, but not when the acquittal results from the construction of the law.

Sec. 5. Whenever a member of this Order is suspended the Scrivenoter shall demand of him a return of his handbook and button, which shall be returned by the Scrivenoter during the period of his suspension; whenever a member of this Order is expelled, the Scrivenoter shall demand a return of his handbook and button, and if the same shall not be returned within thirty-three days, he shall proceed to the recovery of same by action of law.

#### ARTICLE IX—Amendments.

Section 1. This Constitution may be amended by a three-fourths vote of the represented membership of the Order as provided in Article VI hereof at any Hoo-Hoo annual.

#### BY-LAWS.

1. In the absence of the Snark from any Hoo-Hoo annual his place shall be taken by the next officer in rank who is present. In case of temporary vacancy in any position, the acting Snark shall have power to temporarily fill such vacancy.

2. The Scrivenoter shall be custodian of the funds of the Order, and shall give bond satisfactory to the Supreme Nine in the sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000), the cost of said bond being defrayed by the Order. He shall pay out moneys only on vouchers countersigned by the Snark and Senior Hoo-Hoo. He shall receive an annual salary of twenty-five hundred dollars (\$2,500), and be allowed necessary expense for the proper conduct of his office.

3. The accounts and disbursements of the Scrivenoter shall be annually audited within nine days of each approaching annual by a competent accountant appointed by the Snark for that purpose; and the certified report of such auditor shall accompany the annual report of the Scrivenoter. Such necessary expense as may attach to such auditing shall be paid upon proper voucher.

4. In case of the death of a member of the Order in good standing his number and name shall be retained in all official numerical lists of members of the Order thereafter published, but surrounded by black lines. In case of the resignation, suspension or expulsion of a member, his name shall be dropped from the rolls of the Order.

5. It shall be the duty of the Vicegerent Snark at the close of each concatenation, to remit to the Scrivenoter \$5, together with one year's dues, for each regular member initiated, which amount shall cover the dues to the next Hoo-Hoo Day. He shall remit ninety dollars (\$90) for each honorary member, and twenty-three dollars and thirty-four cents (\$23.34) for each life member obligated under Sections 8 and 9 of Article III of our Constitution. He shall also remit the balance of funds received at any concatenation which has not been expended in the necessary expenses of the concatenation, rendering a detailed account of same, attested by the acting Scrivenoter and Custodian. Out of the fund set apart for the Vicegerent Snark he may pay his necessary expenses for attending such concatenation, and those of such other members as he may deem necessary to call upon for assistance in the work.

6. The Hoo-Hoo Annual shall be governed in its deliberations by Robert's Rules of Order, unless otherwise provided for.

#### The Practical Side.

The men whose Hoo-Hoo names appear in the notices below are out of work and want employment. This is intended as a permanent department of The Bulletin, through which to make these facts known. It is, or should be, read by several thousand business men who employ labor in many varied forms, and it can be made of great value in giving practical application to Hoo-Hoo's central theme of helping one another. It is hoped the department will receive very careful attention each issue.

Some of our members advertising in The Bulletin fail to advise me when they have secured positions so an old ad keeps running for months and months. To avoid this I have adopted the plan of running the ads as long as three months and then if I have heard nothing from the advertiser I will cut his ad out. If at the end of the three months he still wishes me to continue it he must advise me.

WANTED—Position as assistant manager or as efficient accountant; am 38 years old; married; have had four years' experience in retail lumber yards, and seven years' experience at mill as accountant. Have been connected in responsible positions with the Nashville Lumber Co. of this place, and with the Cleveland-McLeod Lumber Co. of Horatio, Ark.; to both of which concerns I take pleasure in referring. I want a fair salary and a chance of demonstrating my worth. Address, M. A. Jones, No. 1226, Nashville, Ark.

WANTED—Position as yard manager or on the road as salesman for some good lumber concern, a position that will enable me to locate somewhere near Kansas City where my two daughters reside. Have had long experience in yard work, in big city yards, as well as with the yard concerns; have had two years' experience on the road. I can demonstrate my effectiveness with any concern that will give me an opening. Address "Yard Manager," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position as traveling salesman for a good machinery and supply house. Have had ample experience and know the trade of the southeast. Am willing, however, to travel anywhere. Address "Tampa," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—A man with some money to take an interest with me and a position in the sash, door and blind plant with which I am connected; it is a good thing. Write me. Frank D. Alken, (Hoo-Hoo No. 634) Brunswick, Ga.

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper with some good concern for a young man twenty-seven years old, with eight years' experience, whom the Supreme Scrivenoter can strongly recommend, both as to character and ability. Address the Scrivenoter direct, or "Watts," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position as lumber inspector. Have had ten years' experience. Address No. 16189, care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—I am located in the State of Washington; am an experienced and capable lumberman; am in position to pick up good bargains on the ground out here and can buy to much better advantage than through the quotations submitted by mail. I am in position to render good service to the right concern. Address "Doty," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—A thoroughly competent shingle man, understanding business from tree to trade, wants mill to run by thousand, or position as superintendent; or, if can agree, will take interest. An capable of handling almost any kind of lumber mill as manager, also office. Address "Shingle man," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position to manage retail yard in West Texas or Oklahoma. Have had ten years' experience in lumber business as manager of saw mills and planing mills, and am acquainted with every branch from stump to building. Am a first-class double entry bookkeeper and estimator; thirty-seven years of age; married, and can furnish strictly first-class references. Only reason for making change is to get to higher climate. Address "Okla.," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position as designer, estimator and architect with some big contracting and mill work concern in the South or West, where I can demonstrate my capacity. Refer to J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter; with present firm fifteen years. Address "Season," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

(The Scrivenoter has known this man from boyhood. He is one of the most competent, skillful and rapid men in his line of business he has ever known, and will make good in any position he accepts.)

WANTED—Connection with some good lumber concern to open offices at Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City. Have been in present connection for four years, with concerns manufacturing sash, doors and blinds, and doing mill work; want to get back in the lumber business, and will, therefore, dispose of present interests if good connection can be formed; have had fourteen years' experience on road as salesman, and know the trade; a number of years in office and as sales manager, having direction of nine men on the road, and passing on all credits for a large business. Feel that my long and varied experience and acquaintance in the trade fits me to render very efficient service at my end of the line, and am seeking connection with only that sort of an enterprise which can hold up its end. Address "Secretary," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position by young man twenty-two years old in Central or West Texas in retail lumber business. I am a bookkeeper and have had five years' experience in lumber business. Could invest in business. Address "B.," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position in wholesale office by man who has had experience in retail yard. Address "B. B.," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position as manager of retail yard. Have had several years' experience, both in the wholesale and retail yellow pine lumber trade, and am thoroughly familiar with both ends—buying and selling. Address "M.," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper or manager of lumber yard. Will go anywhere, but prefer Texas, Rocky Mountain region or Pacific Coast. Figuring bills a specialty. Address "Colorado," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper with some lumber firm by young man who has had experience in lumber office. Address "Louisville," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position as buyer and inspector for a Northern wholesaler, or superintendent of mill, or shipping clerk. I have had 22 years' experience in yellow pine mills; am competent to take charge of the executive department of a mill. Was general superintendent and office man 41 months with last employer. I left of my own accord. A-1 references. Am 38 years of age and have a family. Address "Louisiana," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—By Inspector position as yard foreman, shipping, or traveling inspector. Have had seven years of road and yard experience, and understand handling labor—black or white. I am 25 years of age and sober. Address H. H. Ernst, No. 18728, 616 Campbell Street, Evansville, Ind.

WANTED—Position with a good lumber firm as general office man. Am a thorough accountant. Have had long experience in lumber business; can take entire charge of office of company doing any volume of business. Want to get with big concern where I can demonstrate my worth. Address "Damascus," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position as circular saw flier. Have flier for some of the biggest and best mills of the South. Have had fifteen years' experience. First-class references from present employers and others. Address "Fulton," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper or office manager; 35 years of age; 10 years' experience in the lumber business; good correspondent; clean record; executive ability. Can furnish reference from present employers. Located in Philadelphia but willing to change. Address "H. M. Y.," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position with some good southern lumber concern as traveling salesman through northern Ohio and adjoining territory. Can furnish good reference. Address "G. B.," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position as traveling yellow pine inspector in the Southern States. I am familiar with all the grades of yellow pine lumber and can furnish good references. Address "G.," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position to manage retail yard in New Mexico or Arizona. Am compelled to go to that region on account of my little boy's lung trouble. Have had twelve years' experience in the retail lumber business and have made good. I am looking for the man who is looking for the man upon whom he can depend. Address "Arizona," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

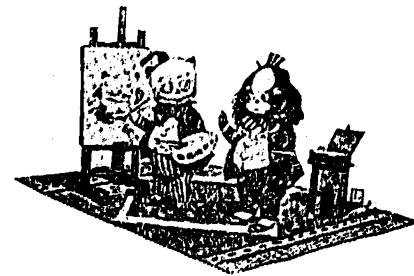
WANTED—Position as bookkeeper or manager in the West. Have had nine years' experience; am thoroughly competent to fill either position. Can furnish very best of references. Address "X. Y. Z.," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Good salesman to sell my sand drums to box manufacturers. It is a winner. Want a hustling salesman competent to handle the woodworking trade. Address J. M. Ashby (No. 20663), 601 Fairview Ave., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WANTED—Position with some large shipping concern to look after traffic and handle railroad business by a gentleman who has had large experience in that line, having been identified with some of the larger systems of railway in traffic departments for past thirty years. Address "Traffic," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—To represent some good company as buyer on salary and expenses in long and short leaf pine, car material, dimensions and finishing stock. Am acquainted with some of the largest manufacturers in the South; can save middle man's profit buying at small mills rough, and have stock remitted, locating at some small town where remitting facilities exist and going out among the smaller mills and buying such stock as office may call for. Address "Temple," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—Position by first-class band saw flier. Two or more mills. Best references furnished. Address "Flier," care J. H. Baird, Scrivenoter, Nashville, Tenn.



SPANIEL—Where did you acquire your taste for art?  
PUG—When I was quite young, I once hit an art student.